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ANDOVER, MASSACHUSETTS, AUGUST, 2 1913

VOLUME XXV NUMBER 44

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HAVERHILL

Austin Brown of New Bedford visited friends in town on Sunday.

William B. Cheever of the T. A. Holt Co. is enjoying a vacation of two weeks.

Miss Robina Mitchell of Park street is spending the week with friends at Plum Island.

Lieut. E. G. Gregory, U. S. A., and Mrs. Gregory are guests of Mrs. John N. Cole, Locke street.

Mr. and Mrs. James Gillen of Washington avenue are guests at Janvrin Cottage, Hampton Beach.

James Dick, clerk in W. C. Crowley's drug store, is enjoying a two weeks' vacation at York Beach.

The Free Church Y. P. S. C. E. will hold its monthly roll-call meeting on Sunday evening at 6.30 o'clock.

Rev. E. E. Aiken of Auburndale will occupy the pulpit of the West church on next Sunday morning.

Rev. Frederick Manning of Swampscott will supply the pulpit of the Free church next Sunday morning.

Charles L. Curtis, a former principal of Punchard school, now of Milton, was a visitor in town the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. John McCarthy and son Frank, and Thomas Platt are spending the week at Salisbury Beach.

Dana W. Clark of Claremont, N. H., spent Thursday at the home of his father, Charles W. Clark, on Summer street.

Andover has been having considerably more than her share of thunder storms this week, that of Tuesday night being extremely heavy.

Miss Mary Jenkins has returned to her duties at the Merrimack Insurance Co. office, after a pleasant vacation spent at Hampton Beach.

Thomas E. Rhodes and J. Harry Playdon attended a convention of the United Workmen in Boston on Tuesday as delegates from the local lodge.

Miss Georgia B. Easton, organist at Trinity church, Lawrence, will officiate at the South church during the absence of Organist Frederic G. Moore.

Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Crockett and the former's brother, Frank Crockett of the United States Navy, have been spending two weeks in camp at Haggitt's Pond.

Dr. and Mrs. Fred Bickell and Mr. and Mrs. Guy Bickell and daughter Helen, left town yesterday for Hampton Beach where they will spend the month of August.

Archibald Tyler has returned from Vineland, N. J., where he has been visiting Mrs. L. A. Putman, formerly of this town. On his return he spent a few hours with Miss Dera at Jenkintown, Pa.

Prof. and Mrs. Edward Y. Hincks observed their silver wedding on July 20th, at their summer home in Randolph, N. H. Friends and neighbors helped to make the occasion one to be remembered.

Charles B. Jenkins of the T. A. Holt Co.'s grocery store started on his annual vacation of a month this week. During his absence Miss Edith Higgins will assist in the book-keeping department.

Fred Findley, a former resident of this town visited friends here on Tuesday. Mr. Findley has been absent from Andover for 30 years and he was very much interested in the changes which had been made during that time.

The milk samples taken from Andover farmers who sell to Lawrence customers were found to be of a high standard according to the report of Milk Inspector Cronin. Samples were taken from the following: A. Kasabian, Antonio DeM. Borges, Manuel Silva of West Andover, and Fred Dufton.

The new director of music and organist at the Phillips Academy chapel when school opens in the fall will be Carl Platticher, an experienced choir-master, who served at one time in this capacity at Lafayette college. Prof. Ashton, who has held this position for a number of years will still have charge of the musical department at Abbot Academy.

Tomorrow afternoon there will be a battle royal when the Jerseys of Lawrence meet the Royals of this town. The game will be played on the old campus and both teams regard this contest as one of the most important of the season. William Collins will pitch for the local boys and it is expected that Higgins will oppose him. There will probably be a big attendance of fans.

Local people who drive automobiles or carriages to Lawrence will be interested to know that the ordinance recently adopted regarding the position of a conveyance in the streets is being rigidly enforced. For instance, on Essex street, while driving from the lower end toward the North Station end, a driver whether of a horse or an automobile, who wishes to stop at a store on the left hand side of the street must drive to the corner above that particular store and make a circular turn, facing his team toward the lower end, or vice versa. Formerly it was permissible to cross the street without turning the conveyance completely about, but no matter in what direction the driver may be going the above regulations will be enforced. This ordinance is designed for the purpose of preventing accidents and is in force in most of the large cities.

Mr. and Mrs. David Shaw are at Sagamore Beach for the month of August.

Mrs. Augusta Martin of Griffin, Ga., is visiting her sister, Miss Ellen J. Abbott.

D. Donovan & Son have this week completed the outside painting of the John Dove school.

The members of the local town government enjoyed an outing at Foster's Pond on Wednesday.

William Scott of the Andover Press is enjoying his annual vacation with day trips to various interesting places.

Dr. and Mrs. A. E. Hulme and son Eric are stopping at the Iduna hotel, York Beach, for a two weeks' vacation.

Miss Annie G. Donovan, organist of St. Augustine's church, has gone to Bar Harbor for the month of August.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy W. Lindsay of Buffalo, N. Y., spent Sunday with the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. David S. Lindsay.

Harvey McCrone of Amesbury has been spending a few days at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Coleman on Chestnut street.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles B. Jenkins and daughters, Misses Grace and Mildred, are at Salem Willows for the month of August.

William Anderson of High street, a well known vocalist, will sing two solos at the service in the Free church next Sunday morning.

The baseball team composed of the local plumbers wishes to play any trades team in Andover, and all communications should be addressed to George Walsh, Manager, Brook St.

Up to the present time only one nomination paper has been filed with the local town clerk, that being for Humphrey O'Sullivan of Lowell, candidate for congressman from the fifth district.

John H. Soehrens has some very beautiful specimens of the golden-banded lily in his garden on Whittier street. Several of the buds measured six and one-half inches in length and the blossoms are over twelve inches across.

Frank E. Wright, the well-known expressman, has purchased the Chas. L. Curtis house on Bartlett street, through the real estate firm of Rogers & Angus. Alterations and improvements will be made in the house this summer and Mr. Wright expects to occupy his new home in the early fall.

Judge and Mrs. Cann have returned from a short stay at Grand Beach, Pine Point, Me., where they met the people of the Andover Colony summering there. While away they observed the fortieth anniversary of their marriage. The trip home was made with Pres. Greenwood in his auto.

Among the Andover people who are staying at the Andover-Lawrence cottage at York Beach are Mr. and Mrs. David S. Lindsay, Mrs. Frank Butterick and children, Martha and Allen, Mrs. David L. Coutts and son Gordon, William C. Coutts, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Chadwick, Misses Flora Lindsay, Alice S. Coutts and Bertha C. Coutts, and Dana W. Clark; also Mr. and Mrs. Roy W. Lindsay of Buffalo, N. Y.

The following item will interest local friends of Barney Reilly who captained the Phillips Academy baseball nine for two years: "Barney Reilly of Brockton and St. Joseph, who has been playing third base for St. Joseph in the Western league since securing his release from the Brooklyn Nationals in the spring, has recently been shifted to second as a result of the release of Freeman, first sacker, which resulted in a shakeup in the St. Joe infield. Watson was benched as a pinch hitter, while Reilly went to the second and Roth back to third. St. Joe is leading the Western league race and looks like a sure contender for the pennant."

New District Nurse

Miss Lulu Abbott, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James J. Abbott, has been appointed district nurse and entered on her duties yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. George Saunders of High street spent Sunday at Hampton Beach.

Misses Gladys and Helen Higgins are spending the week with friends at Plum Island.

Mrs. Leonard Saunders and daughters, Helen and Ruth, spent Tuesday at Salem Willows.

Miss Grace Leslie of the Tyer Rubber Company's office is spending two weeks in Philadelphia, Pa.

Miss Elizabeth Dick of Cuba street has accepted a position in the office of the Wood Mills, Lawrence.

Mrs. Thomas Morrissey of Lynn is spending a few days with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. David Guthrie.

Mrs. John Fraize and daughter Mary are spending a two weeks' vacation with relatives in East Boston.

Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Reid and son of Lynn have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Christie on Elm street.

Mrs. John O'Connell and daughter, Mrs. Florence, are enjoying the sea breezes at Lynn Beach this week.

Mr. and Mrs. William C. Brown and family of Maple avenue are spending a vacation at Revere Beach.

Ira Buxton of the firm of Buxton & Coleman is confined to his home with a serious attack of sciatic rheumatism.

A number of local people will attend the games of the Caledonian club at Caledonian grove, Roxbury, tomorrow.

John E. Hutcheson, Summer street, sailed on the Cunard liner Laconia last week for a visit to their native land, Scotland.

Mrs. James Gillespie and son John, left town on Sunday for Toronto, Canada, where they will spend a two weeks' vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. George Saunders of Malden spent Sunday with the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Saunders on High street.

Miss Katherine Barnett of Indianapolis, Ind., spent a few days this week with her sister, Mrs. William H. Higgins of Chestnut street.

Miss Jennie Anderson, a nurse in the state tuberculosis hospital in North Reading, is enjoying her vacation with her parents on High street.

Alexander MacKenzie has left the employ of James Paige, the local fish dealer, and has gone to work for the trustees of Phillips Academy as janitor of one of the dormitories.

The Hawthornes of this town defeated the Buffaloes of Lawrence on the old campus on Saturday afternoon by the score of 13 to 12. The game was close and interesting throughout. Both pitchers were touched up freely. The battery for the local nine was Stack and Blonquist.

Henry E. Woods, State Commissioner of Public Records, made a visit to Andover on Wednesday and looked over the safes and vaults in the town house and found everything to be in a satisfactory condition. He made a few suggestions to the town officials and these will be fulfilled by the selectmen.

William Simpson, a carpenter employed at Stevens mill in Marland Village, was severely injured on Monday afternoon when four fingers of his left hand were cut off by a rapidly moving circular saw. Simpson was sawing a short board and the saw had almost passed through when it struck a knot, causing the board to jump backward. His hand was pulled onto the saw, his fingers being cut off instantly. He was removed to Dr. Torrey's office where the wound was treated and later he was removed to his home on Harding street.

MACKINAW COATS

These are absolutely the newest thing for Summer and Fall wear for

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The very latest models and the most exclusive patterns, at lower prices than anywhere else in town.

7.00 and 7.50

You should see these coats and be convinced.

We have a few Blazer Coats which formerly were \$6.50. Take them while they last for **\$4.75**

R. Sugatt's
CLOTHING CORNER

236 Essex Street, Lawrence, Mass.

THE TRUTH ABOUT THOSE DELEGATES

Roosevelt Contests Instigated to Deceive the Public.

ALL BUT 74 WERE ABANDONED

An Examination of the Facts Shows That the Tribunals Which Decided These Contests in Favor of Mr. Taft Were Right in Every Instance—The Remaining 164 Contests Were Frivolous, and Their Prompt Abandonment Reflects Upon the Genuineness and Validity of the Remainder.

Washington, July 29.—Here are the facts in relation to the contested seats in the Republican national convention. It is a summary of a detailed statement going carefully into all of the cases, a statement so thorough that it takes up 150 pages of printed matter. This statement is signed by Mr. Victor Rosewater, chairman of the former Republican national committee; by Mr. J. H. Devine of Colorado, chairman of the committee on credentials of the Republican national convention, and by Mr. Charles D. Hilles, chairman of the present Republican national committee.

The total number of delegates summoned to the convention under its call was 1,078, with 540 necessary to a choice. Mr. Taft had 561 votes on the first and only ballot and was declared the nominee. There were instituted against 238 of the delegates regularly elected for Taft contests on behalf of Roosevelt. These contests were avowedly instigated not for the purpose of really securing seats in the convention, not for the purpose of adding evidence which would lead any respectable court to entertain the contests, but for the purpose of deceiving the public into the belief that Mr. Roosevelt had more votes than he really had, as the conventions and primaries were in progress for the selection of delegates. This is not only a necessary inference from the character of the contests, but it was boldly avowed by the chief editor of the newspapers owned by Mr. Munsey, who has been Mr. Roosevelt's chief financial and newspaper supporter. The 238 contests were reduced by abandonment to seventy-four.

The very fact of these 164 frivolous contests itself reflects upon the genuineness and validity of the remainder. The seventy-four delegates include six at large from Arizona, four at large from Kentucky, four at large from Indiana, six at large from Michigan, eight at large from Texas and eight at large from Washington, and also two district delegates each from the Ninth Alabama, the Fifth Arkansas, the Thirteenth Indiana, the Seventh, Eighth and Eleventh Kentucky, the Third Oklahoma, the Second Tennessee and from each of nine districts, the First, Second, Fourth, Fifth, Seventh, Eighth, Ninth, Tenth and Fourteenth of Texas.

CONTESTED DELEGATES AT LARGE.

Arizona.
In the Arizona convention there were ninety-three votes. All the delegates—six in number—were to be selected at large. The counties were entitled to select their delegates through their county committee or by primary. In one county, Maricopa, a majority of the committee decided to select its delegates and a minority to have a primary. In other counties there were some contests, and the state committee, following the usage of the national committee, gave a hearing to all contestants in order to make up the temporary roll. There was a clear majority of the Taft delegates among the uncontested delegates. The committee made up the temporary roll and then there was a bolt, sixty-four remaining in the hall and twenty-five withdrawing therefrom. The case of the Taft majority was so clear that it is difficult to understand why a contest was made.

Indiana.
In Indiana the four Taft delegates at large were elected in a state convention to which Marion county, in which Indianapolis is situated, was entitled to 128 votes. A primary was held in Indianapolis, at which Taft polled 6,000 and Roosevelt 1,400 votes. This gave Taft 106 delegates in the state convention from Marion county, and if they were properly seated the control of the convention by a large majority was conceded to Taft. Attempt was made to impeach the returns from Marion county by charges of fraud and repeating. These charges were of a general character, without specification except as to one ward out of fifteen wards, and then the impeaching witness admitted he could not claim fraud enough to change the result in that ward. The national committee, upon which there were fifteen anti-Taft men, rejected the Roosevelt contestants and gave the Taft delegates their seats by a unanimous vote. Senator Borah and Mr. Frank B. Kellogg, both Roosevelt men, made speeches in explaining the votes in which they said that the case turned wholly on the Marion county primary, and as there was no evidence to impeach the result certified, the title of the Taft delegates was clear. This is the convention whose proceedings called forth such loud charges of theft and fraud from Mr. Roosevelt.

Kentucky.
In Kentucky a contest was filed against only three of the four delegates

at large. The fourth Taft delegate's seat was uncontested. The three contestants admitted they were not elected by the convention which sent the Taft delegates or by any other. They only contended that if the Roosevelt forces had had a majority they would have been elected. There were 2,356 delegates summoned to the convention by its call. There were 449 of these whose seats were contested. If all of these had been conceded to Roosevelt it would have made the Roosevelt vote 297 votes less than a majority. The appeal to the committee on credentials from the decision of the national committee was abandoned, as it ought to have been.

Michigan.

In Michigan the state convention had in it about 1,200 delegates. There were only two counties in dispute or contest. One was Wayne county, in which Detroit is situated, and the other was Calhoun county. The evidence left no doubt that the Taft men carried by a very large majority Wayne county, but it was immaterial whether this was true or not, because, leaving out both Wayne county and Calhoun county, the only counties in contest, the Taft delegates outnumbered by several hundred the Roosevelt delegates, and they had a clear majority out of the total number of votes that should have been in the convention. The contest was so weak as to hardly merit recital.

Texas.

In Texas there were 249 counties, of which four have no county government. The 245 counties under the call of the convention were allowed to have something over 1,000 delegates, representing them, who were given authority to cast 248 votes. Of the 245 counties there were ninety-nine counties in which the total Republican vote was but 2,000, in fourteen of which there were no Republican voters, in twenty-seven of which there were less than ten each and in none of which was there any Republican organization and in none of which had a primary or convention been held. It was shown that Colonel Cecil Lyon, to whom had been assigned as referee the disposition of the patronage of the national Republican administration for ten years in the state, had been in the habit of controlling the Republican state convention by securing from two federal officeholders in each of these ninety-nine counties a certificate granting a proxy to Colonel Lyon or a friend of his to represent the county as if regularly conferred by a Republican county organization. The national committee and the committee on credentials and the convention after the fullest investigation decided that these ninety-nine counties in which the Republican vote was so small and in which there was no Republican party, no convention, no primary, no organization, was not the proper source for a proxy to give a vote equal to that to be cast by the other 146 counties in which there was a Republican organization and in which primaries or conventions were held. The two committees therefore held such ninety-nine proxies to be illegal and not the basis of proper representation. The two tribunals who heard the case decided that they should deduct the ninety-nine votes from the total of 245 and give the representation to those who controlled the majority of the remainder. The remainder was 152 votes, and out of that the Taft men had carried eighty-nine counties, having ninety votes. This gave to the Taft men a clear majority in the state convention and with it eight delegates at large.

WASHINGTON.

The contest in Washington turned on the question whether the Taft delegates appointed by the county committee in King county, in which Seattle is situated, were duly elected to the convention or whether a primary, which was subsequently held and at which Roosevelt delegates were elected, was properly called, so that its result was legal. Under the law the county committee had the power to decide whether it would select the delegates directly or should call a primary. In some counties of the state one course was pursued and in other counties the other. In King county the committee consisted of 250 men, the majority of whom were for Taft, and that majority, acting through its executive committee, selected the Taft delegates to the state convention. Meanwhile the city council of Seattle had redistricted the city. It before had 250 precincts. Now substantially the same territory was divided up into 381 precincts. The chairman of the county committee was a Roosevelt man. He had been given authority by general resolution to fill vacancies occurring in the committee. A general meeting of the committee had been held after the city council had directed the redistricting of the city, in which it was resolved, the chairman not dissenting, that representatives could not be selected to fill the 331 new precincts until an election was held in September, 1912. Thereafter and in spite of this conclusion the chairman assumed the right by his appointment to add to the existing committee 131 precinct committeemen, and with these voting in the committee it is claimed that a primary was ordered. There was so much confusion in the meeting that this is doubtful. However, the fact is that the Taft men protested against any action by a committee so constituted on the ground that the chairman had no authority to appoint the 131 new committeemen. They refused to take part in the primary, and so did the La Follette men. The newspapers reported the number of votes in the primary to be something over 3,000. The Roosevelt committee showed by affidavit the number to be 6,000 out of a usual total Republican vote of 75,000. The action of the chairman of the committee in

attempting to add 131 precinct men to the old committee was, of course, beyond his power. The resolution authorizing him to fill vacancies, of course, applied only to those places which became vacant after they had been filled and clearly did not apply to 131 new precincts. It could not in the nature of things apply to a change from the old system to a complete new system of precincts created by the city council, because if they were to be filled the entire number of 331 new precincts different from the old must be filled. One system could not be made into the other by a mere additional appointment of 131 committeemen. No lawyer will say that such action by the committee thus constituted was legal. Therefore the action which the lawful committee of 250 took in electing Taft delegates who made a majority in the state convention was the only one which could be recognized as valid.

CONTESTED DISTRICT DELEGATES.

ALABAMA.

Ninth District.

The Ninth Alabama contest turned on the question whether the chairman of a district committee had power to fill vacancies, whether a committeeman who had sent his resignation to take effect only in case he was not present, being present, should be prevented from acting as committeeman, and, third, on the identity of another committeeman. The written resolution under which the right of the chairman to appoint to vacancies was claimed showed on its face that the specific authority was written in in different writing and different colored pencil between the lines. A number of affidavits were filed by committeemen who were present when the resolution was passed to show that the resolution contained no such authority. This gave rise to a question of fact upon which a very large majority of both the national committee and the committee on credentials held that the lead pencil insertion was a forgery, that the chairman did not have the authority therefore to appoint to the vacancies, and therefore the action of his committee was not valid. This made it necessary to reject the contestants. The committee decided the two other issues of fact before them in favor of the Taft contention, although the first decision was conclusive.

ARKANSAS.

Fifth District.

In the Fifth Arkansas the question was one of the identity of one faction or the other as the Republican party. This convention followed the example of the convention of 1908 in holding that what was known as the Redding faction was not the Republican party, that it was a defunct organization and had only acquired life at the end of each four years for the purpose of using it in the national convention. The contestants were therefore rejected. It was shown that the other or Taft had been in active existence as the Republican party, had nominated a local ticket and had run a congressman.

CALIFORNIA.

Fourth District.

The Fourth California presented this question: Under the state law the delegation, two from each district, was elected on a general ticket, in a group of twenty-six. Each delegate might either express his presidential preference or agree to vote for the presidential candidate receiving the highest number in the state. In the Fourth district the two candidates from that district on the Taft ticket expressed a preference for Taft, but did not agree to vote for the candidates having the highest state vote. These Taft delegates in the Fourth district received a majority of 200 more than the Roosevelt delegates in that district. The national call forbade any law or the acceptance of any law which prevented the election of delegates by districts. In other words, the call of the national convention was at variance with the state law. The state law sought to enforce the state unit rule and required the whole twenty-six delegates to be voted for all over the state, assigning two to each district on the ticket to abide the state wide election, while the Republican national convention has insisted upon the unit of the district since 1880. That has been the party law. This convention recognized the party law and held it to be more binding than that of the state law and allowed the two delegates who had received in the Fourth district a vote larger than their two opponents assigned to that district, to become delegates in the convention. This was clearly lawful, for a state has no power to limit or control the basis of representation of a voluntary national party in a national convention. The fact that President Taft by telegram approved all the twenty-six delegates as representing him is said to be an estoppel against his claiming the election of two of those delegates in their Fourth district. What is there inconsistent in his approving the candidacy of all his delegates and the election of two of them? Why should he be thus estopped to claim that part of the law was inoperative because in conflict with the call of the convention?

INDIANA.

Thirteenth District.

In the Thirteenth Indiana there was no question about the victory of the Taft men, because the temporary chairman representing the Taft side was conceded to have been elected by one-half a vote more than the Roosevelt candidate. This one-half vote extended through the riotous proceedings, and although it was not as wide as a barn door it was enough. The chairman put the question as to electing the Taft delegates, and after continuous objection lasting three hours declared the

vote carried. The Roosevelt men thus prevented a roll call and then bolted.

KENTUCKY.

Seventh District.

In the Seventh Kentucky district the total vote of the convention was 145. There were contests from four counties, involving ninety-five votes. According to the rules of the party in Kentucky, where two seats of credentials are presented those delegates whose credentials are approved by the county chairman are entitled to participate in the temporary organization. On the temporary roll the Taft chairman was elected by ninety-eight votes and forty-seven votes were cast for the Roosevelt candidate. The committee on credentials was then appointed, consisting of one member named by each county delegation. The majority report of the committee was adopted unanimously by the convention, no delegation whose seats were contested being permitted to vote on its own case. As soon as the majority report of the credentials committee had been adopted, the Roosevelt adherents bolted. There was not the slightest reason for sustaining the contest for Roosevelt delegates.

Eighth District.

The Eighth Kentucky district was composed of ten counties having 163 votes, of which eighty-two were necessary to a choice. There was no contest in five of the counties, and although the Roosevelt men claimed that there was one in Spencer county no contest was presented against the seating of the regularly elected Taft delegates from that county. This gave the Taft delegates eighty-four votes, or two more than were necessary for a choice. In other words, assuming that the Roosevelt men were entitled to all the delegates from the counties in which they filed contests in the district convention there remained a clear majority of uncontested delegates who voted for the Taft delegates to Chicago.

OKLAHOMA.

Third District.

In the Third Oklahoma district the question of the validity of the seats of the delegates turned on the constitution of the congressional committee, which was made up of twelve Taft men and seven Roosevelt men. The chairman, Cochran, was a Roosevelt man and attempted to prevent the majority of the committee from taking action. The chairman was removed and another substituted, and thereupon the convention was duly called to order on the temporary roll prepared by the congressional committee, which was made the permanent roll, and the two Taft delegates to Chicago were duly selected. Every county in the district had its representation and vote in the regular convention, and no person properly accredited as a delegate was excluded or debarred from participating in its proceedings. Cochran and his followers bolted after his deposition. Assuming that all the committee who went out with him had the right to act on the committee, it left the committee standing twelve for Taft and seven for Roosevelt, so it was simply a question whether a majority of the committee had the right to control its action or a minority. The bolting convention which Cochran held was not attended by a majority of the duly elected delegates to the convention. It did not have the credentials from the various counties, and its membership was largely made up of bystanders who had not been duly accredited by any county in the district. Its action was entirely without authority.

TENNESSEE.

Second District.

In the Second Tennessee district there were fifty-nine delegates uncontested out of a possible total of 108 in the convention. There were forty-nine contested. The Roosevelt contestants in the forty-nine refused to abide the decision of the committee on credentials and withdrew, leaving fifty-nine uncontested delegates. These fifty-nine delegates, part of whom were Roosevelt men, remained in the convention, appointed the proper committees, settled contests and proceeded to select Taft delegates. There can be no question about the validity therefore of their title.

TEXAS.

First District.

The only remaining districts are the nine districts from Texas. Of these the First district was composed of eleven counties, each county having one vote, except Cass county, which had two. The executive committee, composed of one representative from each county, made up the temporary roll, and in the contests filed from two counties seated both delegates with one-half vote each. The convention elected the two Taft delegates, giving them ten and one-quarter votes. Each county was represented in this vote. A minority representing one and three-quarters votes bolted the regular convention and held a rump meeting. The national committee by unanimous vote decided the contest in favor of the Taft delegate.

Second District.

In the Second Texas district there were fourteen counties. Two counties were found not to have held conventions and one county to have no delegate present. The convention was then constituted by the delegations that held regular credentials. The report of the committee on credentials was accepted upon roll call, and then the representatives of five counties withdrew from the hall. The representatives of four of these counties held a rump convention. The regular convention remained in session several hours, appointed the usual committees, which retired and made their reports, which were accepted, and elected two Taft delegates to the national convention and certified their election in due

BAY STATE STREET RAILWAY COMPANY

Bay State Street Railway Company,
84 State Street, Boston,
July 16th, 1912.

Massachusetts Highway Commission,
15 Ashburton Place,
Boston, Massachusetts.

Gentlemen:

Your petitioner, the Bay State Street Railway Company, respectfully asks permission to construct Branch-offs, so-called, in Main Street in the Town of Andover, substantially as shown on plan entitled, "Bay State St. Ry. Co. Proposed Location of Siding to St. Ry. Co.'s Property near State Highway Station 13-73, Main St. (State Highway) Andover, Mass., June 29, 1912. Road Dept. Rc-4025," filed herewith.

BAY STATE STREET RAILWAY COMPANY,
By P. F. Sullivan, President.

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In Board of
MASSACHUSETTS HIGHWAY COMMISSION
July 19, 1912.

Order of Notice

Upon the foregoing petition it is ordered that 2.30 o'clock p. m., the fourteenth day of August, 1912, and the office of the Massachusetts Highway Commission, 15 Ashburton Place, Boston, be fixed as the time and place at which the Massachusetts Highway Commission will consider said petition; and that notice be given by the petitioner to all parties interested that said Commission will consider such petition at the time and place aforesaid by publishing in the Townsman, a newspaper published in the town of Andover, a true copy of said petition, with this order thereon, at least fourteen (14) days before the said fourteenth day of August, 1912, that all parties interested may then and there show cause, if any, why said petition should not be granted.

For the Massachusetts Highway Commission,
F. I. BILLY, Secretary.

A true copy of petition and order of notice thereon.

Attest:
M. A. RILEY,
Recording Secretary.

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Smoke floors; nothing would burn the doors.

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H. S. WRIGHT & CO.

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Estimates Given.

Special Attention to Jobbing.

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WANTED—A young lady would like to hire two unfurnished rooms in desirable location in Andover. Address, F. Townsman Office.

WANTED—To buy cast-off clothing. Highest price paid.
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MISS WILDER will receive pupils in English literature, Latin and modern languages. Long experience in Europe and America. Address 33 Chestnut Street.

TO RENT—Furnished or unfurnished house of twelve rooms, at 141 Main street. For particulars write to MRS. F. W. WHITTEMORE Pine Point, Maine

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LOST—Monday, on Main street, a beaded purse containing a sum of money. Finder please leave at Townsman Office and receive reward.

FOR SALE—A Carryall, in good condition. Apply at Townsman Office

WANTED—At once. Men to represent us, either locally or traveling. Now is the time to start. Money in the work for the right men. Apply at once and secure territory.
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Windows cleaned in stores, offices and private dwellings, by the week or month; brass signs polished, paint washed and floors scrubbed and oiled. Janitor work taken care of on contract. General account for new buildings. Estimates cheerfully given. See us before making contracts.
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Next to Y. M. C. A.
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Window seats made, doors out, etc. Special attention paid to leaks. Agent for Barrows Screens and Chamberlain Metal Weather Strip.
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PIANO AND FURNITURE
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Excavating and Grading Party Barge Heavy Trucking

Commonwealth of Massachusetts

Essex, ss.

PROBATE COURT
To the heirs-at-law, next of kin, and all other persons interested in the estate of Joseph Webb late of Andover in said County, deceased.

WHEREAS, a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to said Court, for probate, by Joseph Briner who prays that letters testamentary may be issued to him, the executor therein named, without giving a surety on his official bond:

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Salem in said County of Essex, on the second day of September A.D. 1912, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be granted. And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof by publishing this citation once in each week, for three successive weeks, in the Andover Townsman a newspaper published in Andover the last publication to be one day, at least, before said Court, and by mailing, postpaid, a copy of this citation to all known persons interested in the estate, seven days at least before said Court.

Witness, Rollin E. Harmon, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this twenty-fifth day of July in the year one thousand nine hundred and twelve.
ARTHUR BOGUE, Register.

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Office and Residence
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ARCO BUILDING, ANDOVER, MASS.

OFFICE HOURS: 8.30 to 12; 1.30 to 5.

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Town Counsel of Andover 1908-1909-1910-1911

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Special Shoes for Weak Feet

MAIN STREET ANDOVER

form to the national committee, which without division asked for, held them properly elected.

Fourth District.

The Fourth Texas district consists of five counties, each having one vote in the district convention under the call. One county, Rains, chose an uncontested delegation, and that one was for Taft. The other four counties sent contesting delegations. The contesting delegations appeared before the congressional executive committee to present their claims, but the committee arbitrarily refused to hear anybody. Having exhausted every effort to secure a hearing, the four contesting delegations, together with the only uncontested delegation of the convention, withdrew to another place and held a convention and elected Taft delegates to the Chicago convention. The congressional convention which elected the Taft delegates was composed of more than a majority, and, indeed, of practically all the regularly elected delegates. The national committee held the title of the Taft delegates to their seats valid by viva voce vote without calling for a division.

Fifth District.

The Fifth district of Texas is composed of Dallas, Ellis, Hill, Bosque and Rockwall counties. Dallas county cast more Republican votes than all the other counties of the district put together. The call for the congressional convention allowed each county to send not to exceed four delegates, but made no reference to the basis of representation of the respective counties composing the district. There was a contest from Dallas county, but the Taft delegates were seated. Taft delegates were seated on the temporary roll from two counties, and Roosevelt delegates from the three counties, and the representation in the convention was fixed at one vote for each county without regard to the number of delegates in the convention or the number of Republican votes cast in such county. A minority report of the district committee was presented, protesting against the ratio of representation adopted. The chairman of the convention objected to the presentation of this minority report. Falling in this he abandoned the platform and left the hall.

The convention thereupon elected a new chairman and a new secretary, appointed a committee on credentials, which recommended the seating of the Taft delegates from Hill county and the adoption of the minority report of the district committee as to the basis of the representation in the convention. Both these recommendations were adopted, and Taft delegates to the national convention were thereupon elected by a vote of eight to three. The Roosevelt men thereafter retired to the south end of the hall, where they organized a meeting at which it was claimed the Roosevelt delegates to the national convention were elected. The Republican vote for the district for 1908 was as follows: Dallas county, 2,088; Ellis, 594; Hill, 414; Bosque, 206; Rockwall, 38. Both the national committee and the committee on credentials sustained the Taft delegates.

Seventh District.

The Seventh congressional district of Texas is composed of the following counties: Anderson, Chambers, Galveston, Houston, Liberty, Polk, San Jacinto and Trinity. Polk, San Jacinto and Trinity were without proper party organization. In Texas county chairmen must be elected by the voters in each party. No such election was held in any of these three counties. In two of them Colonel Lyon assumed to appoint chairmen, which he had no right to do. Lyon himself had classed these three counties as unorganized and without party organization.

The convention met in Galveston. The executive committee met prior to the meeting of the convention to make up the temporary roll of delegates. The executive committee had before it the question of having the three unorganized counties represented in the convention. The executive committee refused to recognize them. When this action was taken by the executive committee a delegate from Houston county and the alleged representatives from the three unorganized counties withdrew from the meeting and proceeded to organize another convention, and upon this is based the contest, which was rejected by both committees, the national committee and the credentials committee.

Eighth District.

In the Eighth congressional convention a split occurred over the majority and minority reports of the executive committee as to the temporary roll. The Roosevelt followers controlled the executive committee, but did not have a majority in the convention, which adopted the minority report and gave Taft five and one-half votes and Roosevelt two and one-half votes. This resulted in the election of the Taft delegates, who were seated by both the national committee and the credentials committee.

Ninth District.

In the Ninth district the district committee was called by Mr. Speaker, a member of the committee, and not by the chairman. The chairman refused to convene the committee because he claimed that all the delegates from Texas to the national convention must be elected in the state convention, that Colonel Lyon, his superior, had thus directed him. The district committee was called. Seven members attended the meeting. The district convention was called on May 15. Eleven counties out of the fifteen responded to the call and took part in the convention. Three counties were not represented, and in one of these there was no election. After this convention had been called the chairman of the district committee

changed his mind and called a meeting of the committee for April 17. This committee called a congressional convention to be held on May 18. But there was no publication of the call, which had to be thirty days before the convention, until April 21. The Taft convention seems therefore to have been duly and regularly convened, while the Roosevelt convention was not. The Taft delegates were seated.

Tenth District.

In the Tenth district the decision turned largely upon the bad faith with which two members of the district committee voted in the seating of delegates and upon the bad faith with which one of them used the proxy intrusted to him. The Taft delegates in this case bolted and left the hall and immediately in the same building organized another convention which consisted of delegates from six counties. Proceedings were regularly held; a permanent organization effected, the report of the committee on resolutions adopted and delegates pledged to Taft were elected. The undisputed evidence indicated that a flagrant attempt had been made to deprive Taft of this district, to which he was justly entitled. The national committee sustained the title of the Taft delegates and alternates by a practically unanimous vote.

Fourteenth District.

In the Fourteenth district there were fifteen counties in the district. When the executive committee met at San Antonio to make up the temporary roll there were ten members of the committee present whose right to act was undisputed, of whom six were for Taft and four for Roosevelt. There were four other Roosevelt men present whose right to vote was disputed and who were clearly not entitled to represent their county at that meeting. One of them held the proxy of the committeeman from Kendall county, who was dead, and the proxies from three other counties were held, two by postmasters and one by an assistant postmaster, while under the election law of Texas no one who holds an office of profit or trust under the United States shall act as a member of an executive committee either for the state or for any district or county. The temporary roll was made up by Taft members, having a clear majority without permitting these men to act under their proxies. There was a contest over the delegation from Bexar county, which contains the city of San Antonio. Full consideration was given to this contest, but the testimony was overwhelming that Taft carried the county by a vote of four or five to one. On the proper basis the total vote in the district convention was sixty-seven, of which the number instructed or voting for Taft was thirty-seven and one-half, the number voting or instructed for Roosevelt twenty-eight and one-half, not voting one. The Taft delegation was therefore seated at Chicago.

CONCLUSION.

The purpose of this resume of the contests in which there was any shadow of substance has been to inform those who have not time or inclination to read the longer and more detailed account of them contained in the larger pamphlet. It is not essential to make Mr. Taft's title indisputable that all men agree on every one of the issues raised. They were decided by the tribunals which uniform party usage had made the proper tribunals to decide such contests. If those tribunals acted in good faith mistaken judgment would not invalidate their decisions. As a matter of fact, an examination of the facts show that the tribunals were right in every instance. There is not the slightest evidence that they were moved by other than a mere desire to reach a right conclusion. On the other hand, the action of the Roosevelt men in bringing 100 contests that they promptly abandoned strongly tended to show the lack of good faith in the prosecution of all of them. Those who support President Taft can well afford to stand on the record in this case and to asseverate without fear of successful contradiction that the delegates whose seats were contested were as fairly seated in this convention as in any in the history of the party.

Borah to Force Publicity Bill

Washington, July 31.—The Henry bill providing for the publicity of the contributions in presidential campaigns was not acted upon by the senate judiciary committee. Senator Borah of Idaho, who is active in pushing the measure, is endeavoring to have a special session of the committee called together for the purpose of reporting the bill.

Fall River Strike Over

Fall River, Mass., July 30.—The strike at the Richard Borden Manufacturing company's No. 1 mill is over. Most of the loomfixers who struck because the management had employed a non-union loomfixer, have returned to work and the weavers, of whom some struck and others were forced out, are returning. The non-union man remains at work.

President Will Not Interfere

Washington, July 30.—Republican leaders of the Taft forces in Ohio have been advised by Carmel Thompson, President Taft's secretary, that under no circumstances would the president interfere in the naming of a candidate to succeed Judge E. B. Dillon, who rejected the Republican nomination for governor.

South Swansea Doctor Missing

New York, July 30.—Every policeman in Greater New York is on the watch for traces of Dr. Clifton Gardner of South Swansea, Mass., who disappeared strangely when he started from the post-graduate hospital where he was an interne on a call a week ago.

THE UNCROWNED MIKADO

Emperor Yoshihito and His Royal Spouse



CONTINUE MODERNIZATION

Will Be the Policy of Japan's New Ruler

Tokio, July 31.—Mikado Yoshihito, Japan's new ruler, decided to call an extra session of parliament soon. He wants to tell his subjects that it is his ambition to continue the modernization of Japan. With parliament in session he can outline his policies with the least possible loss of time to the largest possible number of the country's most influential men.

Owing to his own recent illness, his majesty is much exhausted by his long vigil at his dying father's bedside. He was hardly able to get through the elaborate ceremonial which marked his own accession to the throne.

It is reported that the proclamation of amnesty which usually accompanies an accession will include the 123 Koreans on trial for conspiracy at Seoul. Mutsuhito's funeral will take place in about a month.

WEAVERS URGED BY COUNCIL

To Attempt Some Compromise With the Manufacturers

New Bedford, Mass., Aug. 1.—Instructions to the delegates of the Weavers' Protective association, that their organization must "get busy" and make an attempt to secure some sort of a compromise with the manufacturers, was the outcome of the meeting of the Textile Council late Wednesday.

Last night at a general meeting the weavers discussed several tentative plans as a substitute for the grading system. The best of these plans, which the members of the union refuse now to make public, will be presented to the mill men as soon as a conference can be arranged.

This action, forced by the Textile Council, which is formed of the other textile unions of the city which voted to support the weavers, is looked upon as a weakening by the Weavers' Protective association, as their action last night was directly contrary to what they had declared they would do.

Since the start of the strike, the officials of the weavers' union had declared that they did not want to confer and that the only thing that would send them back into the mills would be the announcement that the manufacturers had agreed to abolish the grading system.

Preparing to Sue White Star
New York, Aug. 1.—Many New York lawyers who have been awaiting the report of the English commission of inquiry into the Titanic disaster before filing suits for damages against the White Star line began to draw up their complaints after the opinion of Lord Mersey as chairman of the commission was made public.

To the Honorable the Justices of the Superior Court within and for the County of Essex:

Respectfully libels and represents Meda Frances Dudley of Salem in said county, that she was lawfully married to William Foster Dudley now of parts unknown at Methuen on the second day of April A.D. 1904, and thereafterwards your libellant and the said William F. Dudley lived together as husband and wife in this commonwealth, to wit, at Methuen and Andover, that your libellant has always been faithful to her marriage vows and obligations, but the said William Foster Dudley being wholly regardless of the same, at Methuen on the sixteenth day of August, 1907, without just cause, wilfully and utterly deserted and abandoned your libellant, which desertion has continued from such time to the date hereof, being more than three consecutive years, next prior to the filing of this libel. That the said William Foster Dudley, being of sufficient ability so to do, grossly wantonly and cruelly refuses and neglects to provide suitable maintenance and support for your libellant, and for their infant children.

Wherefore your libellant prays that a divorce from the bonds of matrimony may be decreed between your libellant and the said William Foster Dudley; and your libellant represents that there has been born of said marriage, a son, William Francis, a daughter, Alice, and a son, Teddy, now aged eight, six and five years respectively and prays the care and custody of said minor children be decreed to your libellant; that your libellant may be allowed to resume her maiden name; that the libellee may be decreed to pay such alimony to your libellant as to this Honorable Court may seem just and reasonable.

Dated this thirtieth day of July A.D. 1912.

MEDA FRANCES DUDLEY.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts

Essex, ss.

SUPERIOR COURT, July 30, 1912.
Upon the foregoing libel, ordered, that the said libellant give notice to said William Foster Dudley by causing an attested copy of her said libel, and of this order thereon, to be published in the Andover Townsman a newspaper printed in Andover in the county of Essex, once a week, for three weeks successively, the last publication to be fourteen days at least before the return day of this Court, at Salem, within the county of Essex, on the first Monday of September next, and by mailing, forthwith, by registered letter to the libellee at his last known place of residence, an attested copy of said libel and order thereon: that he may appear at said Salem within six months from said first Monday of September and show cause, if any he has, why his prayer of said libel should not be granted.

Attest, E. B. GEORGE, Clerk

The foregoing is a true copy of said libel and of the order thereon.

Attest, E. B. GEORGE, Clerk

Commonwealth of Massachusetts

Essex, ss.

PROBATE COURT
To the heirs-at-law, next of kin, creditors, and all other persons interested in the estate of Ada F. Haynes, late of Andover, in said County, (wife of Felix G. Haynes), deceased, intestate.
WHEREAS, a petition was presented to said Court to grant a letter of administration on the estate of said deceased to Felix G. Haynes of Andover, in the County of Essex, without giving a surety on his bond:

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Salem in said County of Essex, on the fifth day of August, A. D. 1912, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And the petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof by publishing this citation once in each week, for three successive weeks, in the Andover Townsman, a newspaper published in Andover, the last publication to be one day at least before said Court.
Witness, Rollin E. Harmon, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this seventeenth day of July, in the year one thousand nine hundred and twelve.

ARTHUR BOGUE, Register

Commonwealth of Massachusetts

Essex, ss.

PROBATE COURT
To the next of kin and all others interested in the estate of Martha M. Allen, late of Andover, in said county, widow, deceased.

WHEREAS, John Alden, the administrator of the estate of said deceased, has presented to said Court for allowance the first and final account of his administration on said estate and application has been made for a distribution of the balance in his hands among the next of kin of said deceased:

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Salem in said County of Essex, on the fifth day of August, A. D. 1912, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why said account should not be allowed and distribution made according to said application.

And the petitioner is ordered to serve his citation by publishing the same once in each week, for three successive weeks, in the Andover Townsman, a newspaper published in Andover, the last publication to be one day at least before said Court; and by mailing, postpaid, a copy of this citation to all known persons interested in the estate seven days at least before said Court.

Witness, Rollin E. Harmon, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this eighteenth day of July in the year one thousand nine hundred and twelve.

ARTHUR BOGUE, Register

B. F. HOLT

ICE
DEALER

ANDOVER. MASS

ROGERS & ANGUS

MUSCROVE BUILDING

ANDOVER

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Cottage house of 7 rooms, new, steam heat, modern plumbing, large lot of land.

Small cottage with 3-4 of an acre of land. Will be sold cheap.

New cottage house on the trolley line, with 1-2 acre of land.

New cottage house in Frye Village, modern and up-to-date in every respect. Will be sold cheap.

Also for sale some most desirable residential property, well located on some of the best streets in town, the prices ranging from \$1400 to \$40,000. It will pay you to inspect these places and we will welcome the opportunity to go over some of this property with you.

Call, Write or Telephone

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Pure Food Bakery

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and

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In Sterling Silver we have the following popular Patterns such as
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PYNCHON
and **PRISCILLA**

Also have some very good bargains at Reduced Prices. It would pay you to look at them.

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ANDOVER, MASS.

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Andover

THE ANDOVER TOWNSMAN

ANDOVER MASSACHUSETTS

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY

AT THE PRESS BUILDING BY THE ANDOVER PRESS

JOHN N. COLE

Entered at Andover Postoffice as Second Class Matter

Controlling the Automobiles

A criticism in this column last week of one of the local police officers for his action in getting after automobilists has led a friend to charge the Townsman with being a defender of the automobilists. This is not the first time that we have been accused of this attitude and we are not now disturbed by the accusation, any more than we were before. It has been suggested that when the coat is fitted to the writer by bringing him to account for the manner in which his own automobile is run, he will be given his deserts for questioning the actions of an honest police official. We suppose such a punishment may be on the road in payment for such comment as was published here last week, but when it comes, it will be accepted as gracefully as the conditions will allow.

Let no one assume that the writer has the least feeling of pity or desire to condone actions of automobilists any more than those of any other offenders. Many of the automobilists deserve the punishment they get, and many of them who are not punished deserve to be brought up with a round turn, but they are not of the class of men such as have been called to account in Andover's public square during the last few weeks. Many of these men would not have questioned a quiet suggestion from a courteous and efficient police officer to keep down to a low speed in going through the square. What many of them have resented is the officiousness and almost impudent way in which they have been hailed to stop and ordered what to do.

There are a great many people who don't understand the difficulties surrounding an entrance into Andover's square by an automobile. Not one out of fifty automobiles, that come from the railroad station keeps within the eight-mile-an-hour limit, largely because it is not practical to run an automobile at so low a speed as that, on such a climb as the Essex Street hill. The same situation applies to automobiles entering the square from the hill by the Tyler factory, or from Central street, and in framing the law that governs the speed of automobiles, these conditions have been recognized, so that no high court in the Commonwealth would punish an automobilist for running at the speed that practically all of them do in these three places. There is a good deal of fast driving not only in Andover but all over the state, but it is very seldom that an accident occurs anywhere in the state unless there is associated with fast driving other kinds of excesses.

The incompetent driver should be taken from his seat wherever and whenever he is found, and his machine left beside the road if necessary, rather than let him run wild and be a menace to others who are driving. Speed does not represent danger nearly so often as does the character of the man at the wheel. This doesn't raise class distinction, for there are just as many aristocrats and millionaires who run their autos when under the influence of liquor as there are of the more ordinary kind. Returning to Officer Napier, one would think he would learn by this time that a little humility, a little courtesy and a little less officiousness might all be wisely adopted by him to the end that the town would have a really efficient police officer, where now it frequently has nothing but a pompous and officious individual, standing as a living emphasis to a man who does many things very well. If he doesn't wish to take it in this spirit, the truth of it is not changed one whit.

Quit "Playing the Game"

What a rotten sordid thing the whole game of politics is becoming! And how long will the people stand for it?

Here is the oldest political writer on the Boston papers telling his readers that because one candidate for high office was good enough loser a year ago to give a thousand dollars (which he inherited) to the campaign fund and his time (for which he has no other demands) to campaigning, every loyal partizan should support him this year.

Another "popular demand" is to support another candidate because he has invaded England, been a high Mason, and cries loudly "against the bosses."

Another "people's idol" is facing his fifth barrel opening with louder cries than ever of "wolf" and no truckling is too cheap, or position too

foolish for him to undertake if only there can be seen in the offering the star of hope spelled "A vote."

Still another banks upon one other great social and fraternal order for sufficient backing to land him in high office and if that is not enough, there is open to him also the power to make business furnish votes through pressure.

Every one of these men has a right to aspire to the office he seeks, and each has many strong qualifications to put before the voters. Yet every legitimate reason is sidetracked to give the right of way to any issue that will fool the voters.

For heaven's sake, gentlemen, stop "playing the game" and give us a good old fashioned political scrap. Point to your records; discuss the business needs of Massachusetts; tell where you stand on the tariff, the courts, and the "popular issues." You can abuse "the machines" and "appeal to labor" till the cows come home and perhaps win on it, but the day is coming and that rapidly when the very truckling which is counted to win, will be the undoing of more than one politician.

And say, it isn't sure that such a result may not overtake several estimable gentlemen in the year 1912.

The Pity of It

Nothing was more certain than that syndicalism would bring tragedy into the lives of its followers, for its own leaders have quoted the old saying that those who sow the wind must reap the whirlwind. But the New Bedford Standard, in a recent number, presented the pathetic side of one case with a touch so chivalrous that we lift our hat to womanhood and to the Standard's regard for it.

After describing the little woman, made to be an ideal wife and mother, sometimes smothering the heart-ache for her little boy, the Standard gently presents the contrast of her trips in various directions as an organizer of I. W. W. Longing to help her fellow workers, and so lending all her persuasive grace to lead them into the ranks of the unreasonable, the un-American, and almost inhuman—there's the pity of it. The Lorelei's eyes glistened as she watched the death struggles of those lured into danger by her beauty and her song; but the Standard's little woman believes that she is leading men into life, and into a freedom so new that it can scorn all the waymarks along the path of slow progress of the human race. The pity of it!

Editorial Cinders

O righteous judge! And we're not sure but that we might wisely utter a more pertinent title by calling the particular justice we have in mind, "O wise judge!" A bunch of boys robbing the garden and making general havoc for a citizen in one of the neighboring towns were detected and brought before the local judge. One dollar and costs would mean some money out of the pockets of the various parents, who could ill afford to pay for their children's pranks in this way. A few days at the reformatory, or weeks if the cases were vicious enough for such punishment, would have very doubtful effect and evidently these phases were well understood by the justice who had to pass upon the case. Neither a fine nor imprisonment, nor any of the ordinary punishments was meted out, but instead the man whose meter out, but instead the man whose property had been despoiled was haled into court, and told that for one week these boys should report and work for him, ten hours a day in weeding his garden, or in doing any other chores around his place that he might wish to have done. Not only a righteous, but a wise judge, who knows human nature and who places the punishment where it can be most effective, is this justice who has set an example for dealing with the small boy pranks that other justices might wisely follow.

Andover is a well governed town. Now we mean this to apply with marked emphasis to her officials who have direct oversight over her official life, but not altogether to them. Town government begins and keeps closer to the voters themselves than any other form of government, and Andover has never failed to hew close to that line. Our people know they must pay if they spend, and while occasional lapses come, as a rule this knowledge keeps the expenses as low as consistent with good results and hence the tax rate in the same place. We all have much reason for congratulation.

The Summer School

The happy faces of the children of the Summer School, which is being maintained by the Andover Guild, show very plainly that they are enjoying every minute of their time. They are kept pretty busy with their games and work, and to them the time passes only too rapidly. They enter into their class work in the various branches with the same zest as they do the moments of play and the teachers and assistants do their share to make the 200 little tots as happy as possible.

The enrollment is now over 200 children and the average attendance

has been about 130. New teachers have been called in to assist in the work, Miss Caroline Abbot helping in the hammock making class and Misses Lucretia Lowe and Jane Nugent working with the smaller children. Two young men, Dana Lownd and Eric Hulme, have given excellent assistance with the boys and now Walter Grout is assisting Mr. Garne.

Last Friday 85 children of the school enjoyed an outing at Canobie lake and were well taken care of by the teachers and assistants. The party went in a special electric car and their stay at the lake was made enjoyable with the various attractions there.

Some of the children are now being taught folk dances and it is the intention of those in charge to give a public exhibition later in the summer.

WELL GOVERNED ANDOVER

Tax Rate Remains at \$16.00 per \$1000
Same as for Past Four Years

The figures of the assessors have just been completed and Andover is fortunate in holding her same rate for 1912 that has been assessed ever since 1908.

The personal property tax shows a slight loss, but in all other figures the net result is a substantial gain for 1912 over last year, and an excellent showing.

The figures:

REAL ESTATE		
	1911	1912
Center District	\$2,917,250	\$2,968,150
West District	1,227,050	1,234,100
South District	966,695	990,275

Gain in 1912, \$81,235.

PERSONAL PROPERTY		
	1911	1912
Center District	\$1,401,915	\$1,265,710
West District	499,210	\$20,525
South District	174,145	\$21,130

Loss in 1912, \$57,925.

POLLS		
	1911	1912
Center District	1054	1070
West District	445	475
South District	409	440

Gain in 1912, 77.

Phillips Academy Honor List

The following students were successful in making the honor lists for the spring term:

Scholarship of the first grade:

Edwin Walter Baker, Ansonia, Conn.
Arthur Burr Darling, Wichita, Kan.
Edward Ansley Fellowes, Providence, R. I.
Frederick Paul Gelbach, Jr., New York
Calvin Goodrich Littlefield, Chicago, Ill.
John Bradburne Mackinlay, Sussex, England.
Harry Tomlinson Middlebrook, Hartford, Conn.
Phillips Garrison Morrison, Andover.
Raymond Sisson Thompson, Fall River.
Joseph Ray Watkins, Winona, Minn.
Frederick Colburn Wilson, Andover.

Scholarship of the second grade:

Clarence Auty, Andover.
Philip William Blood, Lynn.
William McEchron Bowden, Glens Falls, N. Y.
Phillips Bradley, Lincoln.
Herbert Paul Carter, Andover.
Robert Strong Cook, Canandaigua, N. Y.
Charles Winegar Crispell, Kingston, N. Y.
Raymond James Farrell, Springfield.
James Warren Feeney, Andover.
Maulsby Forrest, Chicago, Ill.
George Waite Goodwin, Albany, N. Y.
Harold Strong Gulliver, Waterbury, Conn.
Frank Kenneth Hardy, Andover.
Edgar Albert Hertz, Newark, N. J.
Elbert Chapin Ingraham, Lawrence.
James Knowles, Jr., Boston.
Harold Richard Kurth, New Britain, Conn.
Robert Winthrop Morse, Boston.
Harlan Fay Newton, Reading.
William Ogden, Providence, R. I.
Norman Huntington Platt, Dover, N. J.
John Marshall Raymond, Jr., Salem.
Halvor Richardson Seward, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Egbert Foster Tetley, North Chelmsford.
Gordon Cutts Vaughan, Salem.
Dean Kingman Webster, Jr., Lawrence.
Marshall Symmes Wellington, Winchester.

A Matter of Degrees

All of us have had our fun with the personal gossip in the local and correspondence columns of the village weeklies. The illness, progressive decline and death of Aunt Feely Snyder, an excellent woman and a theme for the unflagging industry of a Missouri country correspondent, although lightly viewed at the start, became in the end a matter of wide sympathy. There is a quaint and homely flavor about all this village gossip, and yet it is ever ridiculous, when kept in its proper setting. There's at least one cultivated New York woman who says it is not.

"I was more interested in reading about Aunt Feely Snyder," she said, "than ever I was in reading about the doings of the Vanastorbils. And I consider that kind of matter much better placed in a village newspaper than I do the society column in any city newspaper. When a village weekly reports that a family has had a 'donation party' it is printing something about people whom most of its readers know personally. Does one city reader in a thousand know anything about the society folk whose doings are celebrated in his daily?" "The Office Window" in New York Mail.

Tyer Rubber Employees' Outing

Everything is in readiness for the picnic of the employees of the Tyer Rubber Company tomorrow at Nantasket Beach. The efficient committee has completed every detail of the outing and the large advance sale of tickets indicates that there will be a good attendance. The special train leaves at 7:40 from the local station, and from Boston the beautiful sail down the harbor will be one of the attractions. The various amusements at Nantasket should keep the picknickers busy until early evening when the party will again sail for Boston and return to Andover on the special train which leaves at 9:30. The tickets will be good only on the special train and will admit the picknickers free to Paragon Park. The price for employees is 80 cents, for children 60 cents, and for outsiders 90 cents. The committee comprises Robert Lochhead, Fred Collins and Thomas Ewing.

Academy Preachers for Next Year

The following preachers have been secured by Phillips Academy to occupy the pulpit of the Chapel next year:

Rev. James Austin Richards (P. A. '96), of Boston.
Rev. Artley B. Parson of Providence.
Rev. C. H. Patton, D.D., of Boston.
Rev. R. H. Porter, D.D., of Hartford.
President Albert Parker Fitch of Cambridge.
Rev. Nehemiah Boynton, D.D., of Brooklyn.
Rev. Clarence A. Barbour, D.D., of New York.
Mr. Robert E. Speer of New York.
Rev. Charles R. Brown of New Haven.
Professor E. A. Steiner of Grinnell College.
Rev. Charles E. Jefferson, D.D., of New York.

Phillips Andover Literature

On the suggestion of Rev. C. C. Carpenter of Andover, the Phillips Academy Library has started a collection of photographs, books and other publications of, by, or about alumni of the school. A special section will be reserved in the library for this collection. Mr. Carpenter himself has contributed to it a large and valuable amount of material. Alumni who may happen to be interested enough in the project either to add something to the collection themselves, or to furnish information regarding available material, should communicate with the librarian, Miss Sarah Frost, or with Mr. Archibald Freeman, chairman of the Faculty Library Committee.

Obsequies

MRS. NELLIE A. EASTMAN
The funeral of Mrs. Nellie A. Eastman, widow of Harrison M. Eastman, who died Wednesday, July 24, was held Saturday afternoon at two o'clock at her late home on Elm street.

Rev. Walter J. Swaffield, formerly pastor of the First Baptist church of Lawrence, was the officiating clergyman. The floral offerings were very beautiful, a mute testimony of the love and esteem in which the deceased was held. Interment took place in Bellevue cemetery.

Canning Hints

If pears, peaches or plums after canning, from imperfect sealing seem to be fermenting, do not cast away, but draw off the juice, set the fruit aside in a cool place, boil the juice down one-half and add vinegar, one cup to two quarts of juice, and brown sugar to make a good sweet pickle, with spices boiled in a bag added. Add fruit again after the juice seems like syrup in density, boil a few minutes, to get thoroughly scalded, but not to break the fruit. Pour hot into jars and seal again. This may be an old chestnut to many, but is thrown into the tricks for reducing the cost of living, free gratis.

SPINSTER

A Fish Story

Two well known fishermen, M. J. Crowley and James Green spent a very pleasant afternoon fishing in Haggitt's pond Wednesday. Reports of big catches in this favorite fishing ground no doubt led them to believe that they would return home with a fine string of pickerel, bass and perch, but alas, when they displayed their catch to their friends on Wednesday evening there lay a lone bass in their creel. The fishermen both claimed the honor of catching the prize; Mr. Green, however, was generous with his friend and gave him entire credit. It seems that Mr. Green held the pole when the bass took the bait, but when it started the antics peculiar to bass, this was too much for him and he passed his rod over to Mr. Crowley who safely landed the fish. To whom did the fish lawfully belong, Mr. Green or Mr. Crowley?

WEAR HUB RUBBERS
This Winter

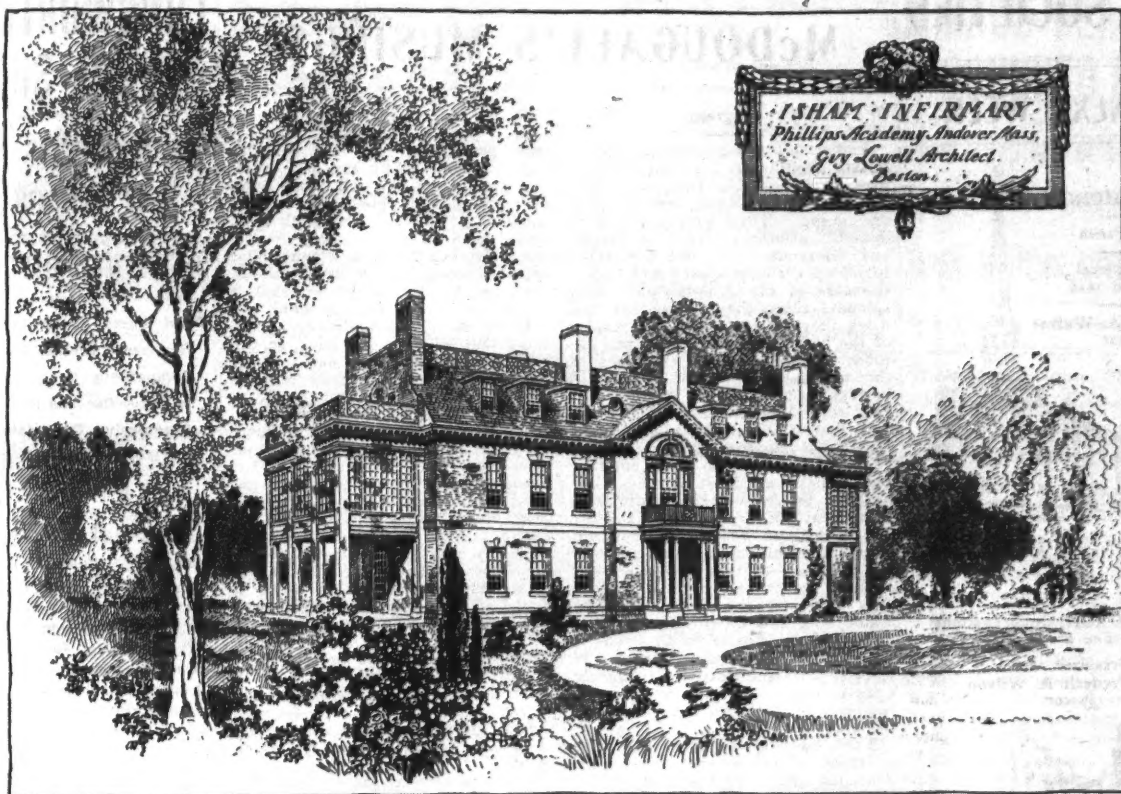


[CLOSED UNTIL SEPTEMBER 14]

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ARCHITECT'S SKETCH OF THE ISHAM INFIRMARY NOW NEARING COMPLETION



THE NEW ISHAM INFIRMARY

Up-to-date Building Nearing Completion for Phillips Academy Students

The Isham Infirmary which is being erected at Phillips Academy is nearly completed and will be finished before school opens in the fall. Work on the building has been rapidly pushed forward by the contractor, E. W. Pittman of this town, and great care has been taken during its construction to make the building convenient and comfortable.

The infirmary is situated west of the running track and south of Eaton cottage. It will be a very complete hospital equipment and second to none of its kind in any school in the country. There will be four wards for contagious diseases, besides several single wards. Accommodations are provided for parents who may wish to be with their sons during illness. In addition to rooms for the nurses and matron there will be living and dining rooms and two solariums, one at each end of the building. The basement will contain the laundry, kitchen, and there will also be diet kitchens in connection with each of the four wards which are on the two upper floors. There will be an operating room, sterilizing equipment, seven bathrooms, and about thirty-five beds will be provided. The building when completed will cost \$30,000, and is designed by Guy Lowell of Boston, who was the architect for Day and Bishop Halls and the Archaeology building.

Motor Truck Ruined

A large three-ton motor truck owned by P. Begley of Lawrence, a furniture mover, was completely destroyed by fire on last Saturday night about nine o'clock. The accident occurred near Martin's pond on the Reading turnpike, while the truck was being driven to Lawrence from Boston. The fire started without warning from an unknown cause and the two occupants had hardly time to stop the truck and alight when the flames entirely enveloped the machine. The flames from the escaping gasoline leaped high in the air, making the fire a very spectacular one for the hundreds of campers at Martin's pond.

The local fire department was called by telephone and the new auto-chemical responded in remarkably quick time, although the truck was a mass of ruins when the firemen arrived. The delay in reaching a telephone allowed the fire to gain such a start that the services of the department were not needed when they arrived.

Traffic in both directions was stopped for about half an hour during the height of the fire, as the blazing gasoline which flowed in the roadway made it impossible for vehicles to pass.

Beautiful Lilies

Mr. Soehrens has some unusually fine specimens of lily auratum in flower in his garden on Whittier street. Through his courtesy I saw two buds open, one being six inches long, the other six and one-half. On the back of each of the outer leaves of the perianth was a rib with a groove on each side into which fitted the edges of the other perianth leaves as tightly as a plumber could do it with solder, making the bud waterproof.

Gradually the petals loosened their hold, the upper ones first, and then with a little bound of freedom flew back as if anxious to disclose the beauty hidden within. The six anthers of softest brown were packed carefully around the pistil and the throat of the flower with its purple markings and golden bands was opened.

The open flower, at least twelve inches in diameter, is surpassingly beautiful and fragrant. Surely it was a wonderful sight—a miracle—in the presence of which one is simply speechless.

M. E. G.

Andover, August 2, 1912.

Unclaimed Letters

Cox, Mrs. E. Keith, Eviline E. Kolakowski, Bronislav Lane, Agnes Lacklee, Frank C. Porter, J. Price Quinn, Elizabeth

Phillips Academy Bulletin

The Phillips Academy Bulletin which is just about to be issued for July, contains many interesting items regarding the school, some of which are given below.

"Through the generosity of an alumnus, who for the present desires his name to be withheld, some much-needed improvements are soon to be made on the old campus. The lower end of the campus in the vicinity of the Abbot Academy woods and the site of the old English Commons has for many years remained in an unfinished and most unattractive condition. It is planned to bring this part of the campus, either by grading or terracing, into harmony with the rest of the school grounds which in recent years have been so distinctly beautified. The proposed improvement is much to be desired and the school is deeply indebted to the generous benefactor, who has made it possible. The work will be done under the direction of Messrs. Olmsted Brothers, the landscape architects of Boston."

"Still another substantial scholarship has recently been established in the school. The new scholarship is to be known as the 'P. A. '94-Harvard '98 Scholarship.' The scholarship is of two hundred dollars and has been contributed by members of the class of '98 in Harvard College, most of the contributors being graduates of the Academy in the class of '94."

"Miss Olivia E. Phelps Stokes, whose nephew is at present a student in the school, has recently presented to Phillips Academy a collection of interesting and valuable pictures. The pictures are appropriately framed and have been hung in the rooms and hallways of several of the school buildings."

The "Cubs" Are Strong

The baseball game between the "Old Timers" and the "Cubs" of the Andover Press was interrupted very abruptly by the heavy shower on Monday afternoon with the "Cubs" leading in the score by a wide margin. Although weakened by the loss of some of their best men, the Old Timers put up a stiff fight, but the youngsters could not be held down and when the "welcomed" shower arrived the score was 15 to 0 in their favor. As it has been many years since some of the Old Timers have played, they were badly in need of training, and the lack of practice was plainly discernible to the "large" gathering of spectators. Flashes of brilliant playing were shown, especially in the field after the ball had been batted hard to the far corners of the field. No less than four home runs were made by the "kids," who ran bases ruthlessly. The "old" men were not so fortunate at the bat and were easily retired on strikes in both innings which were played. Keogh pitched well and his support was perfect. Twice men were on third base, but the batters were out in order and it was impossible to bring in a run.

George A. Brown officiated as umpire and he also was pleased to see the storm approach.

The teams lined up in the following order:

Cubs—Keogh, p.; Platt, c.; Daley, rb; Marshall, 2b; McCarthy, ss; Collins, 3b; Maroney, lf, cf, rf. Old Timers—Conits, p.; Dugan, c.; Blank, rb; Wood, 2b; G. A. Christie, ss; Ruhl, 3b; Cheever, lf; J. P. Christie, cf; Sanderson, rf.

Soloists at South Church

During the month of August, the music at the South church will be furnished by the following soloists.

Aug. 4. Caleb P. Fox, bass, of Boston.
Aug. 11. Charles C. Bell, tenor, of Boston.
Aug. 18. Miss Ruth Whitman, alto, of Winthrop.
Aug. 25. Charles A. Sefton, bass, of Manchester, N. H.

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THE HOUSE OF THE SQUARE DEAL

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MISSSES' NORFOLK DRESSES of fine white pique, the collar and cuffs and belt of self or black. \$4.00 value **\$2.98**

WOMEN'S LINEN NORFOLK DRESSES with red or Copenhagen Middy ties and trimmings. \$7.98 and \$8.75 grades **\$5.98**

\$1.00 WHITE WAISTS, 49c. Big variety, dressy styles, lace and hamburger trimmed. Special for Saturday, second floor, **49c**

The Boston Store of Lawrence

Dispute Ends Game

In the baseball game last Saturday afternoon between the Royals of this town and the Wilmington Town team the local boys were compelled to leave the field owing to the unfair attitude of the umpire. The Royals were ahead at the beginning of the eighth inning with the score of 6 to 5. They had been treated shabbily by the umpire during the entire game, and it was only after an exceptionally raw decision that Captain Collins ordered his men off the field. It is a well known fact that visiting teams are ill-treated in Wilmington, especially if that team is behind in the score.

No doubt the game would have been a good one under ordinary circumstances, as both pitchers were effective and there was some good fielding. The batting of E. O'Connell, E. Collins, Welch and Bowman of the Royals and Studley of Wilmington was especially noteworthy. E. Collins caught his usual good game.

The summary:

ROYALS										
	ab	r	h	po	a	e				
Knowles, Berry, rf.	5	1	0	1	0	0				
Lund, 2b.	3	2	0	4	1	1				
Welch, lf.	3	1	2	1	0	0				
E. Collins, c.	4	0	2	6	1	0				
Bowman, cf, p.	2	1	1	1	1	0				
E. O'Connell, ss.	3	0	1	0	2	0				
G. Collins, lb.	3	0	0	8	1	0				
Shattuck, 2b.	3	0	0	0	2	3				
W. O'Connell, p.	3	1	1	0	1	0				

Totals 28 6 7 21 7 7

WILMINGTON

	ab	r	h	po	a	e
Studley, ss.	4	0	3	0	0	1
Doyle, c.	3	1	0	8	1	0
J. Stoban, lf.	2	1	0	1	0	0
Porter, 2b.	3	1	1	2	2	0
Briggs, p.	3	0	0	0	0	0
Croteau, 3b.	3	1	1	0	1	2
Buck, cf.	3	0	0	2	0	0
L. Stoban, lb.	3	0	0	8	0	0
Swain, rf.	3	1	1	0	0	0

Totals 27 5 6 21 4 3

Two base hits: E. O'Connell, Bowman, Collins. First base on balls: off Royals 3, off Wilmington 1. Hit by pitched ball: Welch. Struck out: by Bowman 1, by W. O'Connell 4, by Briggs 4. Passed balls: Doyle 2. Time, 3:55.

Elks Lost at Derry

The Elks baseball team suffered defeat at the hands of the Lafayette A. A. at Derry, N. H. last Saturday afternoon by a score of 8 to 7. The Elks led by one run up to the ninth inning when the Derry team came to the bat and made two runs, winning the game. Remmes played a strong game for the local team making three hits and fielding all three chances in the field cleanly. Errors were numerous, the Elks being credited with 5, while the Derry team had 8. The Elks have made several changes in their lineup which appear to be beneficial.

The summary:

LAFAYETTE A. A.										
	ab	r	h	po	a	e				
P. Moran, ss.	5	1	2	1	4	3				
E. Senecal, cf.	5	0	0	1	0	0				
Limpin, lf.	5	1	2	2	0	0				
H. Moran, c.	5	1	1	9	0	0				
Cassidy, lb.	4	0	0	7	1	0				
Putnam, 2b.	5	0	0	1	2	0				
Paquette, 3b.	5	0	2	1	2	1				
Sargent, rf.	4	2	1	2	0	2				
Ouellette, p.	4	2	1	1	0	2				
W. Senecal, p.	1	1	1	2	1	0				

Totals 43 8 10 27 9 8

ELKS

	ab	r	h	po	a	e
Eldred, lf.	5	1	1	0	0	0
Hart, 2b.	5	1	2	3	2	0
G. Ellsey, p. 3b.	5	1	2	2	1	1
Joncas, lb.	5	0	0	8	1	1
Sullivan, c.	5	1	1	0	0	1
Donovan, p. rf.	5	0	1	2	0	0
Remmes, ss. 3b.	5	0	3	0	3	0
S. Ellsey, cf.	4	2	0	1	0	0
Ouellette, p.	3	1	1	1	0	0
Porter, rf. ss.	2	0	0	0	2	0

Totals 44 7 11 27 9 5

Innings 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

Elks 1 3 0 0 1 2 0 0 0—7

Lafayette 1 0 3 1 1 0 0 0 2—8

Two-base hits, Hart, Donovan, Limpin, H. Moran. Three-base hits, Lynch. Stolen bases, Elks 6, Lafayette 3.

ette A. A. 3. Sacrifice hits, Porter, Putnam. Left on bases, Elks 5; Lafayette A. A. 6. First base on balls, off Donovan 7; off Ouellette 3. Hit by pitched balls, Senecal, Cassidy, G. Ellsey. Struck out, by Ouellette 7; by Donovan 3; by G. Ellsey 7; by Senecal 1. Passed balls, Sullivan 4; H. Moran 2. Wild pitches, Donovan 2. Time, 2h. 18m. Umpire, Stewart.

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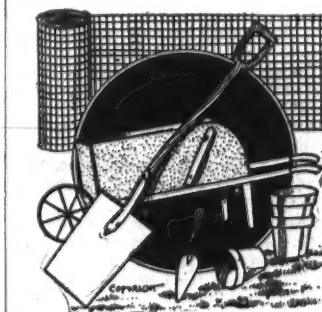
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FLOATING A TOWN AWAY.

Story of the Origin of Commercial Street in Provincetown.

Commercial street in Provincetown had an origin in keeping with its present nautical air and appeal to the imagination. The town originally stood on the spit of sand far out across the harbor, where the lighthouse now is. Many years ago the government bought Provincetown, houses and all, in order to protect the harbor from the threatening sea. The Provincetownians went to the government people and asked what they were going to do with the houses.

"Pull 'em down, of course," said the government.

"Can't we have 'em?" inquired the late owners.

"Sure," replied the government, "if you'll take 'em away."

"Sure!" echoed the Provincetownians. Old wreckers that they were, they applied their technique to the problems of house moving. They bulkheaded their dwellings up, necklaced empty casks about them in the way of life preservers, and one sunny morning the village of Provincetown, true to its maritime traditions, set sail, schoolhouse and all, and came floating gayly across the harbor to where it now stands. Near the railway track today they point out a certain store as the original seafaring schoolhouse.—Metropolitan Magazine.

THE CURIOUS SNAIL.

This Creature Can Live Without Air, Water or Nourishment.

While the snail has lungs, heart and a general circulation and is in every respect an air breathing creature, it can nevertheless exist indefinitely without inhaling the least breath of air, the element that is usually considered the essential to existence in all creatures supplied with lungs.

"To all organized creatures," said Leppert, "the removal of oxygen, water, nourishment and heat causes death to ensue." When that statement was made Leppert did not appear to consider the snail as one among the great host of "organized beings," for experiments by Spallanzani have proved that any or all the usual life conditions can be removed in the case of the snail without terminating its existence or in any way impairing its functions.

The common snail retreats into its shell on the approach of frosty weather, and the opening or mouth of its shell is hermetically sealed by a secretion which is of a silky texture and absolutely impervious to air and water. In this condition it is plain that it is deprived of three of the four elements of life mentioned above—air, water and nourishment.—Harper's Weekly.

Statue With Umbrella.

Some poor art is to be seen in this country in the shape of statues dedicated to the memory of great men, but no American enormity in this line quite equals that which was perpetrated by an English sculptor for the town of Reading. When the fellow townsmen of a certain George Palmer of that place decided to honor his memory they determined upon a bronze statue of Palmer, which should be not merely a portrait as to features, but a correct presentment of him as he appeared among them every day. Accordingly, the stranger in Reading is startled by the most unconventional of statues, with every crease and wrinkle of the homely attire of the original reproduced. To complete the effect the statue is bareheaded, with silk hat and umbrella in hand. It is thought that this is the only instance in which the necessary but not entirely beautiful umbrella has been reproduced in bronze.—New York Sun.

He Fooled Her.

"If you were asked to get ready to start next Thursday on a long journey do you think you could do so?" asked her rich employer, who was a widower.

"Oh, I—much would depend upon the kind of journey it was to be," she replied.

"I mean a pleasant journey—a journey that would last for a month or more."

"And should I have company on the journey?"

"Well, I hadn't thought of that. No, I don't believe you would. I should expect you to go alone."

"Then I don't believe I could get ready," she said turning to her typewriter and making four mistakes in the first line of the letter she had begun.—Chicago Record-Herald.

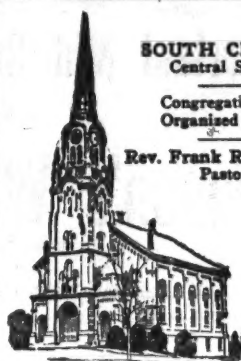
FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN

- One light buggy harness—rubber trimmed
- One set light double harness " "
- One harness, suitable for carryall, nickel trimmed.
- One harness, suitable for express, grocery, or milk wagon, nickel trimmed.
- One set heavy double harness for large horses.

All the above are new and first class in stock, style and workmanship.

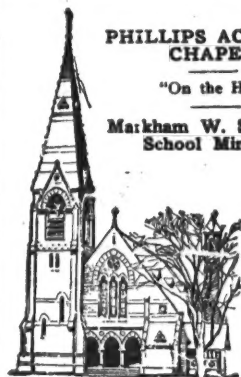
E. W. PIERCE
126 Main Street

CHURCH CALENDAR FOR NEXT WEEK



SOUTH CHURCH
Central Street
Congregational
Organized 1711
Rev. Frank R. Shipman
Pastor

10.30. Morning worship, with sermon by Rev. Nicholas Van der Pyl of Haverhill.
12.00. Primary Department of the Sunday School.
7.45 Wednesday. Midweek meeting.



PHILLIPS ACADEMY CHAPEL
"On the Hill"
Markham W. Stackpole
School Minister

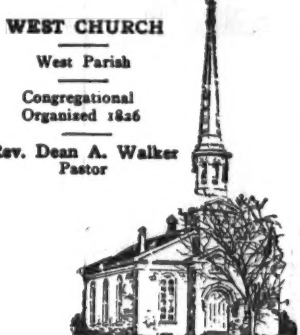
No services.

ST. AUGUSTINE'S CHURCH
Essex Street

Roman Catholic

Organized 1850

Rev. Fr. Riordan, Pastor



WEST CHURCH
West Parish
Congregational
Organized 1826
Rev. Dean A. Walker
Pastor

10.30. Preaching by Rev. E. E. Aiken of Auburndale.

FREE CHURCH, Congregational
Elm Street

Organized 1846
Rev. Frederic A. Wilson
Pastor



10.30. Worship with sermon by Rev. Frederick Manning of Swampscott.
6.30. The monthly roll call meeting of the Y. P. S. C. E.
7.30. Wednesday. The Mid-Week Devotional and Conference Service.

CHRIST CHURCH
Central Street

Episcopal, Organized 1834

Rev. Frederic Palmer, D.D., Rector



10.30 Sunday. Morning prayer and sermon by the Rev. Dr. S. D. McConnell.

NORTH PARISH CHURCH
Unitarian

No. Andover Centre

Organized 1645

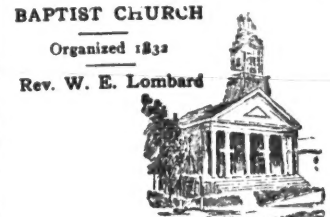
Rev. Wm. S. Nichols
Minister



10.30 a.m. Morning worship.
11.45 a.m. Sunday school.
Electric cars from Elm square connect at Wilson's Corner going both ways.
Take car leaving Elm square at 10.15 and transfer for North Andover Centre.
A cordial welcome to all.

Hay and Straw
For Sale

PARK STREET STABLES



BAPTIST CHURCH

Organized 1832

Rev. W. E. Lombard

10.30. Preaching by the pastor.
11.45. Sunday School.
6.30. Y. P. S. C. E.
7.15. Gospel service.
7.45. Wednesday. Prayer meeting.

W. A. MORTON, DECORATOR
HAVERHILL

is prepared to take orders for

...Interior Decorating and Painting...

Andover people are well acquainted with Mr. Morton's work through the decorations of Memorial Hall, Phillips Academy, Andover Theological Seminary, Masonic Hall, Bank building and private residences.

TELEPHONE 464-L

10 Columbia Park, Haverhill

McDOUGALL'S MUSINGS

Progress

Today the newspapers are full of gossip about what is called the progressive Roosevelt party. I have yet to learn in what direction they are going. They propose nothing definite; primaries, recall of judges, and referendum are nice big words, to fill up a stump speech and "tickle the ears of the groundlings." One splendid thing they promise is that when they get into office the surplus of the high tariff which they will enforce will go into the envelopes of the working people, and trusts will be regulated in a proper manner. Not one word have they said about the high cost of living. I read today that Mr. Roosevelt said that beef, butter and eggs had risen in price, but that the duties on these articles had nothing to do with it. Note well that I am not to say that six cents per pound and five cents per dozen on these articles is a mistake, not at all; but I do say that we would have cheaper butter and cheaper eggs if they were on the free list. The whole soul and intention of putting duty on any article is to make it dearer than the imported article. If it is so that the duty on an article does not raise the price there is no reason why it should not be put on the free list.

The other day I had a visit from a friend who had just come from Scotland. He wore a suit of clothes that he got for ten dollars and he told me that his tailor in Boston told him that he would have difficulty in giving him a suit similar for twenty dollars.

Let me not be misunderstood. This tailor in Boston is not a robber in charging twenty dollars. Just think of the duty on wool, the cost of the woolen machinery and plant, and the wages paid to everyone who helped to make the garments. Then the rent your tailor pays for his place of business in Boston, and you will begin to understand how the tariff works.

If the stand pat party, as they did in 1910, go up and down the country

and tell what they consider the simple people that tariffs do not raise prices, they will not win this 1912 election. Why not be honest and state facts and tell these ignorant, simple people who cannot think or govern themselves, that the wages paid in this country is just the difference between a ten dollar suit of clothes and a twenty dollar suit, and as Mr. McKinley said, a cheap coat means a cheap man.

Is Mr. Roosevelt childish enough to think that with his big stick he can order the pay clerk to put a dollar more in the envelope and tell the treasurer to deduct it from the shareholders? If so he shows himself to be in his second period of childhood.

By the way, may I remark that wages are not altogether as Mr. Frank Munsey says they are, regulated by the tariff. Mr. Munsey is just now visiting his friends in Europe. Will he be good enough when he comes back to get votes for Roosevelt and so let the Democrats win the election? Why is it that Russia, the highest tariff country, pays the lowest wages? Will he tell us that England, almost a free trade country, pays the highest wages in Europe?

Many people forget that supply and demand have something to do with the rate of wages, just as the scarcity of potatoes makes them higher in price.

I am inclined to agree with Mr. Taft, who advocated and still advocates a reduction of tariff where an interested log-rolling Congress fixed the duties to suit themselves and scratched each other's backs and laughed at what we now call the people.

The greatest mistake the Democrats have made lately has been the ignoring and refusing to continue the needful to pay for Mr. Taft's sensible tariff commission. Mr. Roosevelt and his party need not expect to get a single sensible Democrat's vote. A Democrat may be stupid enough but he knows that a vote for Roosevelt is not a vote for Wilson.

IAN McDOUGALL

MEMORIAL HALL LIBRARY

New Books for July

HODGES, GEORGE. CHILD'S GUIDE TO THE BIBLE.

Has a wider scope than its title implies and is suitable for boys and girls of high school age. It interprets the Old and New Testaments in a most systematic manner, with an historical as well as human treatment, and adds a distinctive feature in the teaching of the Bible. —220 H66

KENYOTT, G. F. RECORD OF A CITY.

A social survey of the city of Lowell. Opening with an historical sketch, the succeeding chapters deal with the present population, consisting largely of operatives of over forty nationalities, their housing, health and recreations, industrial conditions and social institutions. —330 K35

KING, IRVING. SOCIAL ASPECTS OF EDUCATION.

"Ought to be very acceptable to teachers, and to others who have an interest in the trend of educational development toward making the school the center of social life." (Dial) —370 K58

McKEEVER, W. A. FARM BOYS AND GIRLS.

Comprehensive survey of the position, limitation and needs of the boy and girl in the life of the average rural community, canvassing every phase of the problem from character building to vocations. —175 M19

SAINT-MAUR, K. V. MAKING HOME PROFITABLE.

Record of the experience of a woman who took a small farm near a large city and found a way to make it pay. Its aim is practical—to enable others, through a detailed account of this experiment, to do small farming profitably. —630 S24

SHUSTER, W. M. STRANGLING OF PERSIA.

The story of European diplomacy and Oriental intrigue which resulted in the denationalization of 12,000,000 Mohammedans. An engrossing record, as well, of strange and dramatic personal experience and adventure, very simply but stirringly told. —955 S66

SINGLETON, ESTHER. HOW TO VISIT THE ENGLISH CATHEDRALS.

"There is here presented in compact form, notably well arranged, just the kind of information about the English cathedrals which the traveler unlearned in the technique of architecture and uninformed as to historic background should have." (Outlook) —914.2 S61

VEBECK, H. R. LET'S MAKE A FLOWER GARDEN.

A wonderfully devised combination of the most vigorous inspiration with a wealth of sound gardening information. —716 V58

Other Books Added to the Library

Ainger, A. Crabbe. —92 C84

Birrell, A. William Hazlitt. —92 H339

Brown, W. A. Christian hope. —237 B81c

Goodell, C. LeR. Followers of the gleam. —248 G61

Grierson, E. Life of St. Paul for young people. —220.92 G87

Mabie & Stevens. Heroines that every child should know. —920.7 M11

Mathews, S. Scientific management in the churches. —260 M42

Preyer, D. C. Art of the Berlin galleries. —708.3 P92

Rogers, J. E. Wild animals every child should know. —580 R63

Royce, J. Sources of religious insight. —204 R81

Bryant, M. The adjustment.

LONGWORTH HAS NO SINECURE

Seat in Congress Endangered by Roosevelt Men

DESIRE MAJORITY IN HOUSE

Third Party Third Term Candidate

Realizes if Elected He Must Have a Sympathetic Congress Behind Him

to Carry Out His Policies—Vermont Progressive Candidates Visit Oyster Bay and Talk Hopefully

Oyster Bay, N. Y., Aug. 1.—With the preliminary organization of the National Progressive party virtually completed, Colonel Roosevelt has turned his attention to plans for the campaign, which is to begin soon after the Chicago convention.

It is Colonel Roosevelt's intention to make as strong a fight as possible to obtain the election of National Progressive congressmen, who would support him, should he be elected, and represent the new party in congress in event of his defeat.

Even Colonel Roosevelt's son-in-law, Congressman Nicholas Longworth of Cincinnati, is not to be exempt, it being planned to run a National Progressive candidate against him in his district.

Harry F. Cochems of Wisconsin, formerly a lieutenant of Senator La Follette, who has been drafted for service in the National Progressive headquarters in New York, came to Oyster Bay to discuss with the ex-president the line of attack in Wisconsin and other states in the central west.

Vermont has reported that the National Progressive movement is making rapid headway.

"Mr. Metzger, who is a candidate for governor, and Mr. Azeltine, a candidate for lieutenant governor, came to see me," said Colonel Roosevelt, "and said that those outside of Vermont had no idea how strongly the people of that state were moved. They have the regular organization, the whole political machine and the money against them. There are no politicians of experience with them, but they believe they have the people with them, and feel very confident as to the outcome."

DESERT TAFT TICKET

All Minnesota Electors Go to Progressives but One

St. Paul, Minn., Aug. 1.—The third party in Minnesota was launched without a discordant note. There was a landslide from the Taft electoral ticket nominated last May to the Roosevelt ticket. John Runquist of Duluth, representing the Ninth district, was the only one remaining. All of the others resigned.

The platform adopted endorses the direct primary; election of United States senators by direct vote; repudiates President Taft and the national Republican convention; favors forming a national progressive party, and insists upon the adoption of the initiative, referendum and recall in the party platform.

Cause of Death a Mystery

Catskill, N. Y., Aug. 1.—Although the Catskill officials continued their efforts to unravel the mysterious circumstances surrounding the death of Dorcas I. Snodgrass of Mt. Vernon, not one shred of tangible evidence has been discovered to indicate whether the nurse met her fate as the result of accident, suicide or murder.

GI poles for telephone and telegraph work are to be installed in tropical countries where the insects and animals are very destructive to wood.

As soon as the trans-Atlantic steamers arrive in New York harbor they are immediately connected to the shore telephone lines for the convenience of the passengers.

Do You Tan or Freckle?

NEITHER one need worry. Wilson's Freckle Cream is a sure and simple way to keep the beauty of a healthy skin.

If the sun's rays have already done the mischief—never mind. Take off the tan, soothe the sunburn, and remove the freckles with the beautifying

Wilson's FRECKLE Cream

It is no bleaching process—to take the life out of the skin. It restores its health and beauty, giving to every complexion, dark or fair, a transparent clearness and a natural glow.

Price 50c and \$1.00 at all druggists, or direct, postpaid from The Wilson Freckle Cream Company, of Charleston, S. C.

Wilson's Freckle Cream is perfectly harmless; will not grow hair, and its faithful use, in connection with Wilson's Fair Skin Soap, will make and keep your complexion pure, soft and lovely.

If it fails we absolutely guarantee to refund your money. Ask for the genuine—Wilson's Freckle Cream.

W. A. Allen - Druggist

ASK ANY HORSE

Eureka Harness Oil

Mica Axle Grease

Sold by dealers everywhere
Standard Oil Co. of New York

Second Hand LUMBER

Doors, Windows, Brick and Slate

FOR SALE

BRICK HOUSE—ON THE HILL

...Summer Candies...

DRUGGISTS' WINTERGREEN STAHL'S GUM DROPS

60 cents and 25 cents per lb.

GUM FRUITINES ASSORTED WAFERS

40 cents and 20 cents per lb.

ASSORTED CARAMELS .40

ASSORTED NUTS

THE METROPOLITAN

MAIN ST., ANDOVER

L. E. CHASE

12 PARK ST. Phone 504

Butter, Eggs, Tea, Coffee, Fresh Meats and Canned Goods, Lettuce and Spinach

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THE PRODUCTS of the Musgrove Bakery are recognized THE BEST. To be convinced, try our BREAD, CAKE or PASTRY.

The MUSGROVE BAKERY

Michael Brennan

Musgrove Block - Andover

MARKED DOWN SALE

Twenty Per Cent Discount on all Summer Goods.

STRAW HATS AT HALF PRICE**J. WM. DEAN**

Carpet and Shade Work

FURNITURE REPAIRED PACKED AND SHIPPED

RALPH B. MANNING

Tel. 344-3 18 Park Street

Pine Trash Wood

Delivered anywhere in Andover

\$3.25 per cord

Also a small lot of OAK CLEFT and TRASH MIXED, DELIVERED \$5.00 per cord

FRED H. SMITH Main St. Andover

Telephone

S. S. ROCKLAND RAMS COLLIER

Fog Hides the Chisholm Off Thatcher Island

EXPERIENCES OF PASSENGERS

In Launching of Lifeboats One Dumps Passengers and Another Falls—Rockland's Bow Damaged, but She Is Towed to Port—Crew Unfamiliar With Handling Boats In or Out of the Water

Boston, July 31.—While making her way through a thick fog, a few miles to the north and east of Thatcher Island the steamship City of Rockland of the Eastern Steamship Corporation's fleet, bound from Bath to Boston, was in collision with the steam collier William Chisholm. The Rockland launched her life boats, two of them giving such trouble that fully fifty passengers had narrow escapes from drowning, one boatload being spilled into the sea by the failure of the tackle to work properly, and the other boatload suffering from the swamping of the boat, which filled with water soon after it had left the ship. So far as is known, however, no lives were lost.

The Rockland was badly damaged, a large section of her bow being torn off. The 500 passengers were safely transferred to the collier. This was a slow task, and was not finished for two hours.

Four hours after the accident the steamer Belfast of the same fleet caught the distress signals blown on the whistle of the Chisholm and reached the spot. The passengers were then transferred from the collier to the Belfast and given every possible attention. They were landed at India wharf, Boston.

The Chisholm took the disabled steamer in tow and started for Boston, pulling the Rockland stern first. As soon as the Belfast could get into wireless communication with the shore the news was sent to the Charlestown navy yard. The revenue cutter Gresham and three tugs went out to aid the Chisholm.

Several passengers were injured while being transferred to the collier. One man suffered a fractured ankle and another male passenger was badly cut and bruised.

Charges of lack of discipline and of improper fitting out of the boats have been made by passengers, while the complaint has also been made that the saloon attendants and porters of the Rockland created unnecessary alarm by telling the passengers that the vessel was sinking, immediately after the crash. Other passengers assert that no alarm was sounded throughout the Rockland, and that all of the passengers knew about the accident was what they could surmise by the force of the collision, which aroused them from sleep.

The steamship people assert that with six lifeboats and six life-rafts aboard there was sufficient accommodation for almost twice as many persons as were aboard and that the nature of the accident did not call for confusion.

As might have been expected during so exciting an experience, there was considerable difference of opinion among passengers as to exactly what occurred and how the crew acted. The calmer ones, however, said that they thought that on the whole the situation was well handled. They also declared that every passenger-carrying ship should have a wireless outfit.

Passengers say that the officers and crew of the City of Rockland were brave in the face of the grave danger that confronted them, but many criticized the handling of the boats.

Some of the views and experiences given by different passengers were as follows:

"Everywhere the crew were courteous and brave. They stood by and helped get out the boats, never showing the least bit of panic."

"There is one thing that particularly impressed me, and that was the masterly way the master of the collier handled his vessel. He knows his business. The way he brought that collier up under the side of the steamer was a wonder, and showed that he was a true seaman."

"I have the greatest respect for the deckhands and the way they acted, but I'm sorry that I can't say a word in favor of the officers. It was hard enough to find the boats, but when the passengers did locate them they found the officers didn't know how to handle them. The officers also acted in a manner that tended to unnecessarily alarm the passengers."

Miss Ida Bentley, Newton, declared that after she was thrown out by the sudden dropping of one end of the lifeboat, she attempted to climb back into the boat and that two men pushed her away on two occasions.

Lewis Kimball saw the plight of Miss Bentley and left his place in the boat and swam to her assistance. With a few strokes he succeeded in bringing the exhausted woman to the lifeboat and she was hauled into it.

COMPLETE STABILITY

Desired Before United States Recognizes Chinese Republic

Washington, Aug. 1.—The United States is not likely to recognize the Chinese republic until the new government has demonstrated its stability.

At the state department it was said that the United States was dealing officially with the Chinese government but at the same time had not officially recognized the republic.

The formalities incident to recognition would only be the issuance of new credentials to the American minister at Peking. Representative Sulzer wants the new republic recognized immediately.

HELD FOR MURDER

Sherman Gray Held Without Bail Until Aug. 6

Bangor, Me., Aug. 1.—A plea of "not guilty" to a warrant charging him with the murder of 14-year-old Naomi Mitchell in Carmel Wednesday night week was made by J. Sherman Gray, a farm hand, when he was arraigned.

After entering his plea, Gray waived examination, and at the request of County Attorney Thompson was remanded without bail to await a further hearing, which was set for Aug. 6. Gray was not represented by counsel.

GRAND JURY INDICTS

Superintendents of the Boston Elevated Railroad

Boston, Aug. 1.—Six division superintendents of the Boston Elevated Railway company were arrested and brought to the Suffolk county court-house yesterday on secret indictment warrants, charging them with perjury, growing out of their testimony before the state board of conciliation and arbitration in the recent hearing of the Elevated strike.

Bail of \$1000 each was furnished by a surety company. The men will be arraigned at a future date.

ONE MAN SHOT

While Many Are Injured in Riot of London Dock Strikers

London, Aug. 1.—One man was killed and scores of strikers and strikebreakers were hurt in a series of desperate fights at the Victoria, Albert and West India docks.

At Victoria docks alone, where the killing took place, seven men were shot and seriously wounded.

The strikers have been in a savage mood since their refusal to obey their leaders' order calling the strike off, and more trouble is feared.

NO PERSONAL BLAME PLACED

British Titanic Board Makes Final Report

London, July 31.—The judgment of the British board of trade court of inquiry into the disaster to the White Star liner Titanic, which sank in mid-ocean with 1517 souls after collision with an iceberg on April 14, was pronounced by Lord Mersey, the presiding judge, before a large audience.

The court of inquiry exonerates J. Bruce Ismay, chairman and managing director of the White Star line, and Sir Cosmo Duff-Gordon, one of the passengers, from any charges of improper conduct.

The most important findings were that the Titanic was sufficiently and efficiently officered and manned and complied with all the regulations of the British merchant shipping act, regarding safety, but that the arrangements for manning and launching the lifeboats in an emergency were insufficient and that no drill had been held. The instructions for the voyage given prior to sailing were, in the opinion of the court, adequate, but "having regard to subsequent events they would have been better if reference had been made to the course to be adopted in the event of the vessel reaching the region of ice."

Long Time to Pay Fine

Danville, Ill., July 31.—Hardy H. Whitlock, former county treasurer, pleaded guilty to embezzlement and was fined \$75,000 in monthly installments of \$40. It will take 156 years and three months to pay it.

Prison For Wife Beater

Manchester, N. H., July 31.—As the result of the decision of Judge Loveren to give wife beaters the full extent of the law, Peter St. Denis was fined and sentenced to thirty days' hard labor at the county jail.

Sherman Joins Progressives

Boston, Aug. 1.—Roger I. Sherman of Brookline has resigned from the Republican Club of Massachusetts to join the progressives. He says that action of the national committee and the convention at Chicago led him to this course.

Republicans and Democrats

Boston, Aug. 1.—The date of the Massachusetts Democratic convention is set for Oct. 5, in Faneuil hall, and the Republicans same date in Tremont temple.

MIKADO DEAD YOSHIHITO RULES

Royal Offspring of Legal Concubine Succeeds

JAPAN MOURNS LOVED RULER

Was The Great Reformer of Japan, Developing It From Wild to Civilized Country—Only Three Living Monarchs Have Reigned Longer—Did Not Walk Until 16—Born in 1852 and Reigned 45 Years

Tokio, July 30.—Emperor Mutsuhito has succumbed to his long illness, dying on the anniversary of the signing of the original treaty between Japan and the United States. Acute nephritis was given as the cause of death.

Mutsuhito, Emperor of Japan, revered by his subjects almost as a demi-god, possessed a personality of which but little was generally known. Of a quiet, unassuming nature, yet possessed of a will of iron, he accomplished great reforms. As a statesman he commanded the respect of the nations of the world. As a leader of his people in peace and in war he was loved and feared. To his virtues they attributed the victories over their enemies by land and sea. To his wisdom they credited the advance of ancient Japan to a place in the front ranks of nations. His reign began in 1867 and outlasted that of all but two or three living monarchs. Under the rule of Mutsuhito, Japan enjoyed an unprecedented era of prosperity. Civilization has made rapid strides. The arts and ideas of the western world have been adopted and Japan has emerged from darkness into light.

Mutsuhito was born in Kyoto, Nov. 3, 1852. He was the second son of Emperor Komei and succeeded to the throne on the death of his father in 1867, becoming the 121st Emperor of Japan.

In 1869, Mutsuhito married the Princess Haru; daughter of a noble of high rank. He leaves one son, the Crown Prince Yoshihito, and four daughters. His predecessors lived in a complete mystery, but that custom has been changed. Mutsuhito was five feet seven inches tall, a good height for one of his race, and was of rather heavy build. His eyes and hair were coal black and his beard was worn long and narrow. He walked rather stiffly, due to the fact that his physical education did not begin until he was 16 years old. At that time he was first permitted to walk and it is said that he is the first Emperor of Japan for 500 years who acquired the art of foot exercise.

Haruko, the Empress of Japan, who is universally admired for her goodness and her graces, has never been a mother, much to her sorrow and to the regret of her subjects. But the emperor has had fifteen children by his concubines, and they are all legitimate under the laws of Japan. Most of them were sons and four of them were born of the Countess Yanagisawa, mother of the prince imperial.

Prince Yoshihito was born Aug. 11, 1879, and was married in 1900 to the Princess Sada, daughter of Prince Kuo. They have three children, all boys.

Everybody speaks well of the new emperor as a young man of liberal views and progressive tendencies. He has been carefully educated by men of broad ideas, and has been especially trained for the responsibilities which he will have to assume.

The new emperor is the son of one of those twelve court ladies whom Japanese ceremonial custom has made the morganatic wives of the emperor. Under the constitution of Japan the emperor is allowed to nominate his own successor, who must be of royal blood, but not necessarily his own son nor the son of the empress.

Crown Prince Yoshihito's accession to the throne was proclaimed at once. His coronation, however, may not take place for a year or more. No trouble is anticipated in connection with the change of rulers.

No immediate reorganization of the cabinet is expected, but probably it will not be many weeks before Marquis Satomi retires as premier in favor of his predecessor in office, Prince Katsura. This has been booked for a good while.

Prison Sentences Commuted

Washington, July 31.—Representations that jail sentences would imperil the lives of Richard Hynes and A. H. Hedderly, convicted at Portland, Ore., in 1908, of conspiracy to defraud the United States of public lands, moved President Taft to commute their sentences by wiping out the terms of imprisonment on condition that they pay the fines imposed.

Deslourves Is Held

Woonsocket, R. I., July 29.—After a six-hour hearing in the headless murder mystery, Henri Deslourves, accused of the murder of Mrs. Angelle Parmentier-Delmarie, was adjudged probably guilty by Judge McFee and ordered held without bail for the grand jury.

LAWRENCE

Miss Teresa Sheridan of 393 Chestnut street is seriously ill at her home.

Miss Rose Hallowell spent the week-end with friends in Somerville.

J. A. Peabody of Middlebury street has purchased a Studebaker touring car.

George Summersby of Prospect street visited friends in Manchester, N. H., Sunday.

Mrs. Oscar Mote and daughter of Washington, D. C., are visiting relatives in town.

Joseph D. McCarthy of Haverhill street visited friends at Hampton Beach Sunday.

Miss Katherine Dorgan of Hampton Beach is the guest of Miss Pearl White at her Canobie Lake camp.

Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Hanscombe and Miss Hanscombe left Saturday for the mountains to remain for August.

Robert Kneupfer, a clerk for the Robinson Hardware Company, is enjoying his vacation at Hampton Beach.

Virginia, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Harry B. Musk, of Belmont street, is recovering from a long siege of typhoid fever.

Chester Greenwood, a member of the orchestra at the Salisbury Beach dance hall, spent Sunday at his home on Boxford street.

Marshall A. Ryder of Middlebury street has returned from his vacation spent in camp at Cape Porpoise, Me., with friends and relatives.

Miss Anna Wyde of Essex street is soon to leave for a six weeks' stay in Chicago, and will also visit friends in several other western cities.

Henry Talbot and Henry LeBlanc, the two boys who are alleged to have shot and killed Louis Dion near the Broadway theatre Sunday afternoon, were arraigned in police court Monday morning before Associate Justice Wilbur E. Rowell, on a charge of manslaughter. They both pleaded not guilty. LeBlanc was represented by Attorney Walter T. Rochefort. Their cases were continued for trial until the juvenile session of court on Thursday morning and bail was fixed at \$500 in each case. In default of furnishing the required bail both boys were placed in charge of the State Board of Charities with headquarters in Boston.

The first annual outing of the Lawrence Newsboys' Protective association was held at Canobie Lake, Monday. The boys met first at the common and forming a parade, led by the newsboys' band, marched up Essex street to Hampshire, where a special car was waiting to convey them to the grounds. The car was decorated with large signs and banners, denoting their friendly relations with the newspaper men, publishers and dealers. On arriving at the grounds at 8.30, the gangs and races immediately started, despite the inclement weather.

The Retail Grocery and Provision Clerks' association met in Bay State hall, Monday night, with President C. J. Kinsella as presiding officer. A discussion was held relative to the future plans of the organization. The association is going to take steps to have all small stores handling the line of goods, such as groceries and the like closed on Sundays and holidays, and members from the association will interview the proprietors of the stores and explain what the association is endeavoring to arrive at by its formation, and will ask the assistance of all storekeepers to attain that end.

Charles Cormier, whose decapitated body was found in the South Lawrence depot Saturday morning, was a suicide, according to the investigations of Officer Frank Remick, whose report of the affair was made at the police station Monday. According to Officer Remick's investigations Cormier left his room at 16 South Broadway about 5.30 o'clock Saturday morning and walked over South Broadway as far as Crosby street, with William McKay. When next seen he was in the South Lawrence depot a few minutes past six o'clock looking under the second last car of the New York to Portland train.

METHUEN

Charles Kimball spent Sunday at Revere Beach and vicinity.

Relatives from Boston spent Sunday at the home of Charles Collins on River street.

Miss Sarah Morris of Phillips street is spending a week at the home of friends in Nashua.

Miss Mary Taylor of Ashland avenue is spending a few weeks with friends at Hampton Beach.

Miss Nellie Southworth of Union street has returned home after a two weeks' stay at Salisbury Beach.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Ransley of Union street leave Tuesday for a two weeks' stay at Hedding, N. H.

Mr. and Mrs. James R. Slattery of Fall River are spending a few days at the home of relatives in this town.

Mrs. Randel and children of New York City are visiting the former's mother, Mrs. James Peirce of Pleasant street.

Mark Smart of Leach's variety store at Railroad square has returned home after a month's stay in New Hampshire.

Herbert E. Emmon of the Emmon's waste shop, has moved from Haverhill to Oakland avenue extension, this town.

Mr. and Mrs. Otto Siefert of Providence, R. I., are spending a few days at the home of William Stanley on Lowell street.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry E. Brown of

Health And Success

are such intimate relations that no one can be expected to be well acquainted with success who does not keep good hold on health. Most serious sicknesses start in minor troubles of the digestive organs. Thousands know by actual experience that health and strength—and therefore success—

Are Increased By Use of

Beecham's Pills in time, and before minor troubles become deep-seated and lasting. This famous family remedy will clear your system, regulate your bowels, stimulate your liver, tone your stomach. Then your food will properly nourish you and enrich your blood. You will be healthy enough to resist disease—strong enough to take due advantage of opportunity after taking, as needed,

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Sold everywhere in boxes 10c., 25c.

Broadway left Sunday evening for Nova Scotia, where they will visit the latter's parents.

Mr. and Mrs. Archie Crowell of Haverhill spent Sunday at the home of the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Slater on Railroad street.

Theron P. Fisher, caretaker at the Nevins library, left Monday for a two weeks' vacation. His duties at the library will be looked after by Harold Winn of Broadway.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles T. Phelps of Newburyport, formerly of this town, who have been spending the past few days at the home of friends on Broadway, have returned to their home.

A counterfeit half dollar was taken by one of the conductors on the street car line in this town last Monday, and the local police officials are making an investigation of the affair. The coin is an excellent imitation of the half dollar and has a good ring when thrown on glass, but is much lighter than the silver ones. The coin has the appearance of aluminum, but it is much heavier than this metal. This is the first one that has been brought to the attention of the police.

NORTH ANDOVER

Harry Bosse has severed his connection with Bennett's Central market.

Judge N. P. Frye has returned home from a few days' stay at Peterboro, N. H.

Police Officer Joseph Bumyear and family are spending a two weeks' vacation at Salisbury Beach.

Wallace Rennie and family of May street are spending this week at Craigdale cottage, Salisbury Beach.

Mrs. Mary Ward and daughter, Miss Catherine Ward, of First street, spent the week-end at Salisbury Beach.

Miss Lucy Dearnly of Riverview street left Monday morning for Passaic, N. J., for a week's visit at the home of friends.

Court Lincoln, A. O. F., will meet this evening in Odd Fellows' lodge hall, when a number of candidates will be initiated.

Mr. and Mrs. Dickerman of New York have returned after a visit with Mrs. W. H. Salisbury at Ura Villa in the Pond district.

The C. Y. M. A. baseball team went to South Groveland Saturday afternoon and was defeated, 5 to 0, by the town team of that place.

Miss Mabel Cheney of Elm street, the well known and popular teacher in the Washington street school, Lawrence, is summering with friends at Scituate.

The Misses Leona and Alice Ross of Sutton street left Monday morning for North Shapley, Me., where they are to spend two weeks at the home of their aunt.

The Misses Mac and Rosalie Garrison of Staten Island, N. Y., are visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Charles E. Johnson of Clarendon street for a week.

Mrs. Harry Paulson and daughter, Dorothy, of Campbell, are spending a two weeks' vacation at the home of her mother, Mrs. Harriet Dearnly on Riverview street.

During Rev. H. Usher Monroe's absence for the month of August at Littleton, N. H., Rev. Leonard Kip Storrs, D.D., of Brookline is to occupy the pulpit of St. Paul's church.

Rev. and Mrs. George E. Sanderson of Wittenneague are spending a few days at the home of Samuel T. Wood. Rev. Mr. Sanderson was formerly pastor of the local M. E. church.

Harry Wormell of Water street, who was formerly employed as a machinist in the Davis & Furber machine shop, left town Monday morning for Denver, Col., where he has accepted a similar position.

Alphonse W. Badger, Jr., resumed his duties at the Pacific National bank in Lawrence Monday, after a fortnight's vacation. He has been spending the past ten days at Gorham, N. H.

BALLARDVALE.

UNION CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH
Rev. Augustus H. Fuller, Pastor

SERVICES FOR NEXT WEEK

There will be no service in the church Sunday morning.
6.00 p. m. Y. P. S. C. E.
7.30 p. m. Thursday. Prayer meeting.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH

Rev. Perry S. Neldon, Pastor
10.30 p. m. Worship with sermon by the pastor.
Sunday School to follow.
7.00 p. m. Union Epworth League meeting with sermon by pastor.
7.30 p. m. Thursday. Prayer meeting.

Miss Ethel Gill is visiting relatives in the village.

Miss Isabel Murray is spending a week at Nahant.

Arthur Mears is spending his vacation at Salisbury Beach.

Rev. Harry Appleman is visiting relatives in the village.

Miss Mabel Herrick has been visiting friends in Worcester.

There will be no meeting of Ballard Vale Lodge next Monday evening.

Miss Carrie French will spend the month at her old home in Brookfield.

Miss Isabel Murray has returned home from a week's stay at Nahant.

Mr. and Mrs. Irving R. Shaw are spending the week at Salisbury Beach.

Mrs. Martha Dearborn of Beverly has been visiting relatives in the village.

Miss Emily Moody will sing a solo Sunday evening at the Methodist church.

Thomas Bruce and Harry Colbath are spending two weeks at Salisbury Beach.

Mrs. Margaret Steed and family will shortly occupy a cottage at Salisbury Beach.

William Dane and John McIntyre are spending the week at Salisbury Beach.

Mrs. Etta Haynes has been spending several days with relatives in Boston.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy M. Haynes and son spent Sunday with relatives in Lowell.

Miss Lillian Oldroyd is visiting relatives and friends in Fall River and Taunton.

Mr. and Mrs. Bancroft T. Haynes returned home from a week's stay at Little Nick.

Mrs. J. H. Smith spent Thursday with her aunt, Mrs. Emily C. Field, of Haverhill.

Mr. and Mrs. N. E. Mears and family are spending two weeks at Salisbury Beach.

Miss Isetta Fillebrown is spending her vacation at her former home in Madison, Me.

The Misses Alice and Barbara Loomer are visiting their aunt in North Reading.

Geo. Spark, the well known grocery clerk for Poor and Wiley, is having his annual vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. Amos B. Loomer have been spending several days at Portland, Maine.

Mrs. J. H. Smith led the prayer meeting at the Congregational church Thursday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Stafford of Bennington, Vt., are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. B. Clark.

Mrs. Lewis Clark and Mrs. Nellie Hinchliffe are spending several days at Salisbury Beach.

Rev. Perry S. Neldon is preparing a series of special sermons especially for the young people.

Miss Etta Greenwood and Miss Isabel Miller are spending their vacation at Old Orchard Beach.

John Haggerty and his men have been working on River street and have greatly improved its condition.

Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Conant of Melrose were the guests Wednesday of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Smith, High street.

On account of repairs there will be no preaching service in the Congregational church next Sunday, Aug. 3.

Mr. and Mrs. George R. Miller and family are spending several days with the former's brother, Dr. Edwin A. Miller of Naick.

Mrs. Catherine Simpson and Miss Emma Abernethy leave Thursday for Hampton Beach where they will spend their vacation.

Mrs. C. H. Harris of West Berlin and Mrs. C. E. Alderman of Newton were the guests Thursday of their cousin, Mrs. J. H. Smith.

Mr. and Mrs. John Wood, Miss Rosalie Wood, Miss Flossie Wood, and Miss Agnes Cummings are spending two weeks at Salisbury Beach.

Mr. and Mrs. James Petty, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Shaw, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Juhlman, Miss Herron and Frank Petty spent Wednesday at Nantasket.

Salisbury Beach still continues to be the popular summer resort for the people from this vicinity and quite a number of Ballardvale people are spending vacations there.

The annual outing of the Methodist Sunday school will be held Saturday, August 10, at Silver Lake, Wilmington. The conveyance will leave the church at one o'clock sharp.

A very cordial invitation is extended to the members of the Congregational church by the pastor, Rev. Perry S. Neldon, to attend the services at the local Methodist church, Sunday.

On account of so many people being away on their vacations it was finally

decided to indefinitely postpone the annual outing of the Union Congregational Sunday School picnic to Salem Willows.

W. A. Morton who is doing the frescoing and painting on the Congregational church is pushing along the work as fast as he can but the church will not be ready for occupancy until a week or more later than was at first planned.

James McGhie has been appointed janitor at the Bradlee school in place of Herbert Clarke who resigned. The appointment of Mr. McGhie is a very popular one and he is sure to fill the position with his characteristic painstaking and careful manner.

ABBOTT VILLAGE

William Denham of Brechin terrace visited Boston on Friday last.

Robert Jobe of Lawrence spent Sunday visiting friends in the village.

Edward Hagan of Lewis street has removed his family to Baker's Lane.

Robert Dobbie of Cuba street has moved his family to 53 Red Spring road.

Samuel Fee of Canton, Mass., spent the week-end visiting friends in the village.

Mrs. Hugh Keizner of Lawrence spent Tuesday visiting friends in the village.

Miss Bella Valentine of Brechin terrace has gone to Canada for a two weeks' vacation.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. James Simpson of Red Spring road last Thursday.

Miss Jane McKeown of Essex street is confined to her room this week through sickness.

Mrs. Patrick Carney of Higgins court is able to be out again after a severe attack of malaria.

Mrs. John Henderson of Red Spring road has gone to New Brunswick for a four weeks' vacation.

Claude Nicoll of the village has accepted a position in the Machine shop of the Smith & Dove Co.

George Edwards of Essex street has accepted a position with the General Electric Company of Lynn.

Mrs. George Buss of Shawshen road has returned home after spending her vacation at Valley Falls, R. I.

Mrs. Hall and Mrs. J. Fettes of School street have returned home after a three weeks' vacation in Canada.

Mrs. Daniels of Shawshen road visited her son in Lawrence on Monday, who is suffering from a fall off a scaffold.

Mrs. Orr of Pearson street is recovering from her fall down stairs and has gone to Jamaica Plain for her vacation.

Robert Auchterlonie of Brechin terrace and John Auchterlonie of Ridge street spent Sunday visiting Lynn, Bass Point, and Boston.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. George Dick of Lawrence on Saturday last. George Dick is the son of Mr. Alexander Dick of Cuba street.

Misses Annie, Alice, and Elizabeth Connolly and Mrs. Joseph Connolly of Brechin terrace, and Mrs. Davis and Mrs. James Gorrie of Essex street spent Sunday at Glen Forest park.

As in former years the firm of the Smith & Dove Co. have given prizes to their tenants for the best kept garden for the month of July, August and September. The following were the prize winners for July: 1st prize, \$5, James Nicoll of Shawshen road; 2nd prize, \$3, James McGrath of Brechin terrace; 3rd prize, \$2, Patrick Sullivan, Higgins court.

Cricket Notes

North Chelmsford C. C. defeated Andover C. C. on Saturday, July 27, on the Andover grounds by a score of 118 to 69. Cookson of North Chelmsford gave a fine exhibition of cricket, making sixty-one runs before he was stumped by Ross. Stewart batted well for Andover, making twenty-seven runs. The score:

NORTH CHELMSFORD

Hadley, b. Ross 7

Cookson, st. Ross, b. Rae 61

E. Hoyle, c. Emslie, b. Rae 15

Tetley, c. Fettes, b. Ross 0

Atkinson, c. Deyermund, b. Rae 16

Roberts, b. Ross 0

J. Hoyle, c. Hyde, b. Ross 6

Robertson, b. Rae 0

Kershaw, c. Rae, b. Ross 5

Lunen, not out 5

Johnston, b. Ross 3

Total 118

ANDOVER

Croall, b. J. Hoyle 1

Ross, b. J. Hoyle 10

Stewart, b. E. Hoyle 27

Rae, b. J. Hoyle 0

Emslie, b. J. Hoyle 3

Pearson, b. J. Hoyle 1

J. Fettes, c. and b. J. Hoyle 13

C. Fettes, not out 0

Deyermund, c. Robertson, b. E. Hoyle 1

Anderson, c. Atkinson, b. Robinson 5

Extras 5

Total 69

Owing to the Tyer Rubber shop picnic being on Saturday, the cricket match between the Flax Mill and Andover C. C. is postponed until a later date.

Opening of Season

The Andover United football club will hold the first meeting of the season on Monday, August 5, at 8 p. m., in Abbott Village hall. A full attendance of members is requested. Members' tickets will be on sale at the meeting. Those desiring to become members can do so by purchasing tickets, the price of which is one dollar. The following committee on sports met in the village hall Monday evening, July 29: William Rae, A. Anderson, A. Souter, W. Stirling, W. Deyermund, D. Page, J. Elder, and arranged the following program for their picnic August 17: Place kick for ladies, married women's race, single women's race, married men's race, single men's race, five-a-side football, baseball—married men vs. single men, also races for the young. As there are only a limited number of tickets to be sold the committee advises the purchasing of tickets at once. The price of tickets is, adults 60 cents, children under fourteen years 30 cents.

CUT COST BY
SCIENTIFIC FARMS

Is Governor Wilson's Panacea
For High Prices

Sea Girt, N. J., Aug. 1.—The scientific training of young men in farming is Governor Wilson's remedy for reducing the high cost of living. He had a long talk with Representative William H. Redfield of Brooklyn yesterday and expressed his views on the subject.

Mr. Redfield said that the governor though such a plan would work not the problem, inasmuch as the farmers of America do not produce per acre so much as the farmers of other countries, and are producing no more, and in some cases less, than they produced per acre years ago.

"If the production per acre be increased," he said, "the farmer makes more money and at the same time the price of his products is lowered."

Revision of the tariff should not be made at one sweep, but should be gradual and thorough, in the opinion of Governor Wilson. The governor so declared in his first discussion of the question for publication, since he wrote his speech of acceptance, after the conference with Representative Redfield, whom he considers one of the best informed men in the country on tariff.

IN BOSTON MARKETS

Butter—Fancy northern creamery, 30 1/2 @ 31c; fancy western creamery, 30 @ 30 1/2 c.

Cheese—New York twins, fancy, 16 1/2 @ 17c; Young America, 15 @ 16 1/2 c.

Eggs—Fancy henner, 30 @ 31c; choice eastern, 28 @ 29c; fresh western fancy, 25 @ 26c.

Apples—Native early varieties, \$2.25 @ 3 bbl and \$1 @ 1.25 bu.

Berries—Blackberries, 15 @ 18c bx; blueberries, 12 @ 15c bx; gooseberries, native, 10 @ 12c bx; raspberries, 12 @ 15c pt.

Potatoes—Virginia, \$3 @ 3.25 bbl; Jersey, \$2.25 2-bu bx; sweet potatoes, North Carolina, yellow, \$5 @ 5.50 bbl; white, \$4 @ 4.50.

Cucumbers—Native, extras, \$4 @ 4.50 bu bx; No. 1, \$3.50 @ 4.

Lettuce, etc.—Lettuce, \$1 @ 1.25 bu bx; romaine, 50 @ 75c bu bx.

Onions—Native sets, 75c @ \$1 bu; Jersey sets, 75 @ 90c bskt.

Peas—Portland, \$2.75 @ 3 bu and \$7 @ 8 bbl.

Dressed poultry—Fowl, northern, large, 17 @ 18c; medium, 15 @ 16c; western, large, 16c; medium, 14 @ 15c; broiler chickens, native, 25 @ 27c; western, 23 @ 25c; native ducks, 20c; native pigeons, \$1.75 @ 2 doz; native squabs, \$2.50 @ 2.75.

Live poultry—Fowl, 15 @ 15 1/2 c; broiler chickens, 20 @ 21c; roosters, 10c; old ducks, 10 @ 11c; young Pekin ducks, 15 @ 16c.

Melody Becomes Malady.

That persons have very diverse ideas and tastes in music was exemplified in an incident at a pupils' vocal recital lately. A young woman was having quite a struggle with a song and one woman in the audience said to her companion:

"Isn't that a beautiful melody?"

The other looked bored and said:

"It sounds more like a malady to me."—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Making Her Comfortable.

Host's Youngest—Don't your shoes feel very uncomfortable when you walk, Mrs. Newryche? Mrs. Newryche—Dear me, what an extraordinary question! Why do you ask, child?

Youngster—Oh, only 'cos pa said the other day since you'd come into your money you'd got far too big for your boots.

In the Hall of Fame.

"His father is in the hall of fame."

"Why, I didn't know the old gentleman was dead."

"Have to be dead to be in there?"

"Sure."

"Well, he is only in there dusting the busts."

A garment that includes coat, hood, mittens and slippers, filled with electric wires that can be supplied with current from a storage battery carried in the pocket to warm a wearer, has been invented by two Oregon men.

WEAR HUB RUBBERS This Winter

ROUSED THE AUDIENCE.

A Mining Camp Melodrama With an Unexpected Climax.

Joseph Jefferson used to say that his career came very near being clipped in the bud in a small western town. He at that time was a member of a small pioneer company which progressed by means of three "bull teams" from one mining camp to another. They were always heartily received by the miners and cowboys, who readily paid the \$5 in gold required to witness their performance. Mr. Jefferson was the traditional melodramatic villain and in the third act was supposed to kidnap "the child." The supposed mother, hearing its cries, rushes upon the scene just as he is about to escape and fires a fruitless shot from a revolver.

Upon this particular occasion all had gone well until this scene was reached, and the audience, many of whom had never before seen any kind of theatrical performance, sat as if spellbound. At the crack of the mother's revolver, however, the spell was rudely broken. "By heaven she missed him!" a red shirted miner in the front row shouted, drawing his own six shooter and leaping to his feet. "Round to the back door and head him off 'fore he can get a boss, boys!" he yelled, and following him, half the audience stampeded for the exit.

The excitement was finally allayed by the "mother" and the villain appearing hand in hand before the curtain and the manager's explanation of the situation. When the performance had been concluded the audience insisted on paying another admission price and having an immediate repetition from beginning to end.

QUICKSILVER MINING.

An Occupation That Quickly Dooms the Workers.

The chief quicksilver mines in Europe are in the Spanish town of Almaden, which is an Arabic word, meaning "the mine of quicksilver." These mines were formerly worked by the Iberians and after them by the ancient Romans. Between 1645 and 1843 the Spanish government employed galley slaves in them, an occupation that soon ended in death. The fumes of the mercury produce constant salivation, and the system becomes permeated with the metal.

At first the victim is seized with tremblings, and then the teeth drop out; pains in the bones follow and then death. The annual yield of mercury is 1,500,000 pounds, to produce which 4,000 men are engaged in this unhealthy occupation.

After Almaden so far as yield of quicksilver is concerned comes Idria, an Austrian town, twenty-eight miles from Trieste. These mines also were once worked by criminals, who, owing to the terrible qualities of the mineral, expired after about two years' service.

There are now nearly 500 miners engaged in the work at Idria. They are induced to enter the mines by high pay. A pension is allowed when they are disabled, and provision is made for their widows and children.—Pearson's Weekly.

A Wager Won.

The following story is told of J. P. Morgan—and possibly of other successful business men as well. For three consecutive days the great financier carried an empty birdcage in his hand to and from his office. On the third day one of his managers ventured to ask why he carried that apparently useless article.

"To see," replied Pierpont Morgan, "if any one would have the impudence to ask me why I did so."

"I beg your pardon," began the inquirer.

"You needn't do that," said the chief, smiling grimly. "I had a bet with a man that I had at least one employee with some curiosity. I've won the money; but in future don't ask questions about things that don't concern you!"

A Fortunate Chance.

"What I don't catch on to," said Mose Willerby, "is how ye managed to make that otermobile feller pay ye thutty dollars fer spillin' a waggin load o' bad eggs. Ye can't spile a bad egg, kin ye?"

"Waal, ye see," said Uncle Jabaz, "it come about this way. When the smashup come th' air got so full o' that pesky gasoline that the condition o' them there eggs war'n't hardly perceptible."—Harper's.

The Dangerous Germans.

One can never resist a good school-boy "howler." Here is the latest. The teacher had been giving a lesson on elementary hygiene, explaining about cleanliness and germs, and so on, and the scholars were asked to write an essay on the subject.

Said one youth: "Dust is a thing that should always be carefully got rid of, as it nearly always contains Germans, which do a lot of harm."—London Answers.

Vice Versa.

Parson—So your husband is sick. Maybe he has been throwing himself too heavily into his work. Mrs. Casey—Not on yure loife! He's been throwing his wu-urk too hivilly into him. That's what's the trouble wid him. He's a bartender.—Judge.

Love That Never (Minds) Dyes.

Mrs. Flipp—I wonder if my husband will love me when my hair is gray? Her Friend—Of course he will. He's loved you through three shades of hair already.—Exchange.

Great things are just ahead of you, but you must reach out for them.—Horace Fletcher.

Economy in Coal

The recent coal strike has set the wits of the world's inventors at work harder than ever to solve the question of fuel. Sir William Ramsay in the July "Strand" declares there is no necessity to mine coal at all. Use the caloric power it furnishes, but leave it in the bosom of the earth, instead of dragging it piecemeal to the surface. In that way earth, the first of the elements, would join hands with fire in producing power, and a million coal-miners would be free for the purposes of agriculture, which, although becoming more and more mechanical, will always require human supervision.

By this plan thirty per cent of the coal energy can be converted into useful work, instead of a meager fifteen per cent, which, by present methods of consumption, is the best efficiency obtainable.

The folly of hauling coal for power purposes will be effectively demonstrated by the Lehigh Navigation Electric Company, of Philadelphia, when its mammoth power plant at Hauto, Carbon County, Pa., is completed. Here the coal will be burned as fast as it is mined and immediately turned into steam energy. Mighty Curtis steam turbines, driving power-

ful electric generators, will change the energy of the coal into electricity to be transmitted hundreds of miles over slender copper wires to be used for light, heat and power. This is the beginning of the most novel and important step towards the economical use of coal and the generation of electric power on a tremendous scale by means of fuel ever undertaken in the world.

The Pocket Flash Light

One of the handiest little inventions of this electric age is the pocket flash lamp, which has done considerable to popularize electricity. This little device consists of a small metal filament lamp which gets its current from a tiny dry battery concealed in the handle. At the pressure of a button the light flashes up instantly and it is directed into a broad, penetrating ray by a mirror reflector.

The locks of the Panama Canal will be operated by electricity.

There are 2000 electric motors operating in the Hotel Astor, New York.

Austria-Hungary is building hydro-electric plants, to cost more than \$24,000,000.

"For Tea You Can't Beat Lipton's"

The Tea that discriminating housewives always want
an encore of is

LIPTON'S TEA

Packed in 1 lb., 1/2 lb. and 1/4 lb. airtight tins.

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and
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Men's Shoes 1.50 2.00 2.50 3.00 3.50 4.00

Ladies' " 1.50 2.00 2.50 3.00 3.50 4.00

Boys' and Girls' Shoes 1.00 to 2.00

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IT'S THE NUMBER OF HEAT UNITS IN A TON OF CO